

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

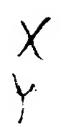
<u> </u>	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
X	Deleted under exemption(s) (b)7)0) with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
X	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: $66 - 2542 - 3 - 208$

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Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

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October 14, 1844

Director, FB1

RE: SF CLAB SIRVICE COLMACTS
TELLAR DEFINICE LATRELS
[MARTERLY REPORT

Dear Sir:

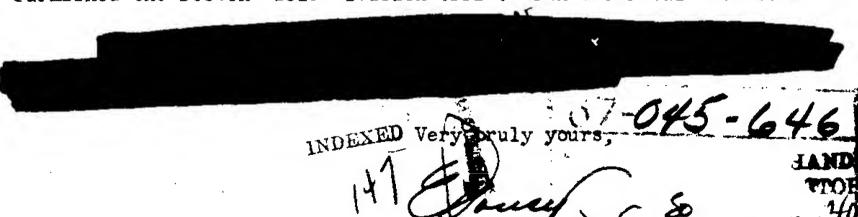
Please be advised that the following individuals are carried as Special Service Contacts in the boston field Division Office at the present time:



JUSEPH PA KEINADY, residences, North Ocean Blvo., Palm Springs, Florida, and nyannisport, Lass.

Since the submission of the last quarterly report in connection with Special Service Contacts, the assistance of Fr. KENNEDY has been enlisted by this office in the case entitled,

Because of Mr. KENNEDY's previous experience in the shipbuilding industry, he is in a position to make valuable inquiries in connection with the above-quoted case. He has already made such inquiries and furnished the Boston Field Division Office with the results of same.





m 66**-**1036



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Post Office Non-2004 Poster, thesachusetts Pay 7, 100 Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Neast
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tolson
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Bandy

J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Vashington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Special Agent is a sesident Agent at Hyannis, Massachusetts, while in conversation with the Honorable Joseph P. Massachusetts, brought up the subject of the statements of the Agent to the Bureau. Hr. Hennedy said he had not seen the television program on which the made his remarks, nor had he read any of the articles regarding the interview. When Special Agent told Mr. Hennedy generally of the comments of the Mr. Hennedy remarked that, "Anyone who has done any business with for knows him, realizes he has no standing and would do anything for a headline"

Mr. Kennedy said that in his opinion he would not dignify remarks by any comment. He said to give him further publicity or attention just further feeds his ego. Mr. Kennedy remarked that anything could ever say would not harm the reputation of the FBI and that certainly the right-thinking, sensible American people will pay no attention to

Wr. Kennedy said that as far as he is concerned, is "no good." He said when the had contain John F. Kennedy, did not write "Profiles of Courage." Mr. Kennedy was so provoked he wanted to sue for his very last dollar but after receiving an apology from the American Broadcasting Company, Mr. Kennedy said he decided it was not worth the trouble, considering the "standing" of

LLL:maw

Wy the same

EXP.PROC.



Er. Kennedy told Agent that he would either telephone you or drop you a line reflecting his views on remarks.



I thought you would be interested in the comments of Mr. Kennedy and

Sincerely,

L. L. Laughlin Special Agent in Charge

Mr. Tolson_ Mr. DeLoach. Mr. Mohr ... Mr. Bishop-September 19,4868. Sullivan Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Holmes. Gandy. Washington, N.C. Hear Mr. Hoover, if We watched you on television last night and lestened to your usual Hellent openion and advice and we couldn't help but feel a little safer at home, knowing you still head the very efficient F.B.S. Then it seemed almost unbelieveable to watch Ransey Clark stand before the cameras, and blame the police for what happened in therago! We simply could not believe what we were heaving of "ENCLOSURE ATTACHES" and that we have so might violence in our country these SEP 23 1968 ach 9-26-68 (0-)

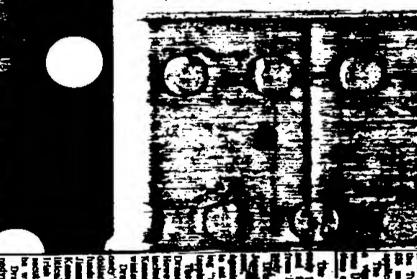
Miss Gandy. Miss Holmes. Tele, Room Mr. Trotter. Mr. Rosen --Mr. Gale on us simply sick inside to hear Conrad. ----- narialla) - word these politicians promise anything just for votes. We dread the day when you step down - we pray it won't be for many years to come. We just want you to know how very gratiful we are to you for bling the honest, sincere and genuine all- swould fgood person you are. We are fortunate to have you working on our side of the law, and just want you to know how strongly we ful. God Bless you. Very Sinarely Yours Will you please read the enclosed atticle and try to find some answers, if possible? Crooked politics are deadly!

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Charges JPK Directed
Prosecution of Hoffa

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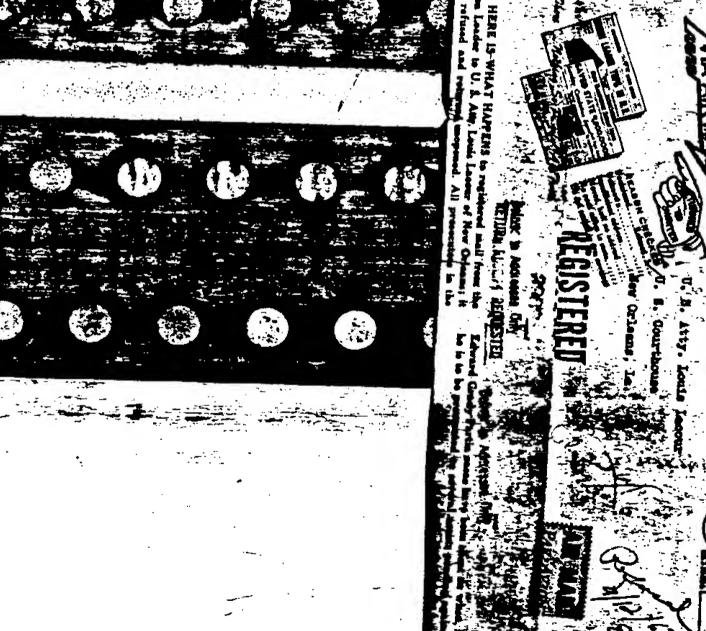
accepted by an official of the Action Backed

Justice Department. Like La. PRINCETON, N.J. (AP)—A ago, Gov. John J. McKeithen cour, both Washington officials majority of the nation's adults Commission to probe the Chicago Police escape the w

ment official would grant the Supporters of Vice Presidention Thusan Leader reporter an later-Hubert Humphrey were evenly cate." newspaper's request for infor-lice dealt with protestors during Partin, who has been the chief the federal indictments against vention last month, the Gallup vestigators, has openly defied both Clark's and Lacour's diffice stated that 55 per cent approved mission placed the blame of the police action, while 31 per McKeithen, in speaking of the ment official would occur, approved the police action, while 31 per McKeithen, in speaking of the blame. the police action, while 31 per McKeithen, in speaking of the ant disapproved. In the labor strile, placed the blame Supporters of Vice President on Teamsters and their advocabert Humphrey were evenly cate." The Louisiana governor

view nor would they accept any divided in their opinions,

two of three backers of Richard hoodiun



September 26, 1968

BEC- 01 72 - 1291 - 169

Dear

It was indeed thoughtful of you and your husband to comment as you did in your letter of September 19th, with enclosures, regarding my statement before the National Commission on the Causes and Prevention of Violence and my administration of this Bureau. I am encouraged by your support.

I am enclosing a copy of the full text of my testimony which I hope you will find of interest.

SEP 2 6 1968 COMM-CM Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosure

1 - New Haven - Enclosure

Regr

Gandy

NOTE: Bufiles indicate prior cordial correspondence with last outgoing 2-6-67. Their enclosures are newspaper clippings concerning the activities of members of the Teamsters Union relative to charges brought against them and no response is being made to her apparently rhetorical question.

Totson DeLoach 1doM ELDING ROOM Bishop Casper Callahan Contad . Felt. 54 PH Gale Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Holmes

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February 28, 1955

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PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Honorable Sherman Adams
Who Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Adams:

Reference is made to the telephonic request on February 25, 1955, of Miss Phyllis Gardner, in the office of Mr. Stephen Benedict, for a check of FBI files concerning Joseph Patrick Kennedy, former United States Ambassador to Great Britain.

This Bureau has conducted no investigation of Joseph Patrick Kennedy and our files reflect the following pertinent information concerning him:

published in New York City, contained remarks quoted from the "Veek" of London, England, which was described as a privately circulated and well-informed publication. These remarks reflected that the British were bewildered as to why Kennedy was allowed to remain as United States Ambassador to Great Britain, considering his record as an "appeaser" and an "apologist for Chamberlain." It was also reflected that Mr. Kennedy had been informing Mr. Chamberlain that in reality American opinion—serious American opinion—so far from being hostile to Munichism was really supporting it and that, therefore, Mr. Chamberlain did net really need to worry about the apparent outbursts of indignation from the other side, regardless of the quarters from which they came. (This was not further explained.)

According to the above publication, "Week" indicated that Kennedy's statements to members of the British Government were causing considerable confusion in British Cabinet meetings as to whether they reflected the true American opinion regarding

as to whether they reflected the true American opinion regarding Boardman appearement of Axis, powers BY SPL MSGR. Nichola _ FIAER-194 Sincerely yours Belmont Harbo bas Mohr J. Edgar Hoover (8) Parsons This letter is attachment to memorandum from Rosen ON ARITOM: Tamp captioned "Joseph Patrick Ken Sizoo Special Inquiry - White House" dated 2-26-55 Timerrowd Tele, Room Holloman Gendy .

Office Memoranaum • united states government

MR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: February 25, 1955 MR. R. R. ROAC Eng. Mass SUBJECT: JOSEPH PATRIC SPECIAL INQUIRT - WHITE HOUSE John of Ha. Miss Phyllis Gardner of the White House contacted the Liaison Section on February 25, 1955, and requested an expeditious name check on Joseph Patrick Kennedy, who is being considered for

appointment to the President's Commission on Veterans Pensions. Mr. Kennedy was born September 6, 1888, in Boston, Massachusetts. In 1937 he was U.S. Ambassador to Great Britain. He received an A.B. degree from Harvard in 1912. His home

Miss Gardner stated that the White House would be most appreciative if this request could be handled expeditiously. A letter of confirmation is forthcoming. ACTION:

The files are being checked and an appropriate reply will be furnished to the White House.

address is North Ocean Boulevard, Palm Beach, Florida.

Mr. Belmont

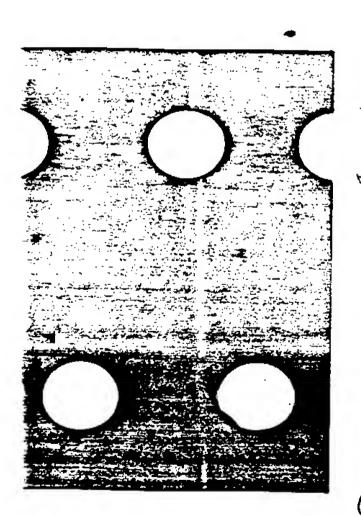
Liaison Section

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INDEXED-96

10 MAR 1 1955



WASHINGTON February 25, 1955 Mr. Tamm Personal and Confidential Dear Mr. Hoover:

This will confirm my telephone request today for a name check on Joseph Patrick Kennedy who is being considered for the President's Commission on Veterans Pensions. Mr. Kennedy's biographical data is attached.

When the report is ready, it may be forwarded to The Honorable Sherman Adams with a notation in the cover letter that is was requested by the writer.

> Sincerely, Assistant Staff Secretary

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Attachment

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MARCH

Ar. Tolson_ Mr. Boardman

Mr. Parsons Mr. Rosen.

Mr. Sizoo_

Tele. Room. Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy_

Mr. Winterrowd.

Mr. Nich Mr. Beli. Mr. Harbo_ Mr. Mohr ...

Joseph Patrick Kennedy

Born:

Sept. 6, 1888, Boston, Massachusetts

Education:

A.B., Harvard, 1912; hon. LL.D., National
U. of Dublin, Ireland, 1938, and from universities
of Edinburgh, Manchester, Liverpool, Bristol,
and Cambridge, 1939; hon. LL.D., Catholic U.,
Washington, Oglethorpe U. (Ga.), U. of Notre
Dame, Colby College

Experience:

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Bank examiner for Mass., 1912-14; pres., Columbia Trust Co., Boston, 1914-17; asst. gen. mgr. Fore River (Mass.) plant Bethlehem Shipbldg. Corp., 1917-19; mgr., Hayden-Stone Co., investment bankers, Boston br., 1919-24; pres. and chmn. of bd. dirs. Film Booking Offices of America, 1926-29; chmn. bd. dirs. Keith, Albee, Orpheum Theatres Corp., 1928-29; pres. and chmn. bd. dirs. Pathe Exchange Inc., 1929-30; corporation finance, 1930-34; apptd. to Securities Exchange Commsn., July 2, 1934; elected chmn., 1934, reelected 1935, resigned Sept. 1935; chmn., U.S. Maritime Commsn., 1937; amb. to Ct. of St. James, 1937-Nov. 1940; chmn., special commn. relative to establishing Dept. of Commerce in Mass.; Founder Joseph P. Kennedy Jr. Foundation, 1945; mem., Commn. (apptd. by U.S. Senate) on Orgn. Exec. Brances of U.S. Govt., 1947; trustee, Notre Dame Univ.

Political
Affiliation:

Democrat

Home:

North Ocean Boulevard, Palm Beach, Florida

FROM HOUSE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1942 EDITION
GEA GEN. REG. NO. 37
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

MR. MOHR

DATE: January 9, 1969

DeLogci

Holmes .

FROM

N. P. CALLAHAN

DEDICATION OF BUST OF FORMER

SENATOR ROBERT KENNEDY

COURT A - DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUILDING

SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1969

Friendly sources in the Department of Justice have advised that the Deputy Attorney General's Office is presently in the process of preparing invitations to be sent out for persons to attend the dedication of a bust to be erected near the fountain in Court A of the Department of Justice Building on Saturday, January 18, 1969.

It is understood the bust is being donated by the Joseph P. Kennedy Foundation and Senator Edward Kennedy will take part in the dedication ceremonies and allegedly several hundreds of persons are being invited to the ceremony. Our source had no more specific details in regard to this matter at this time.

The above is submitted for information.

1 - Miss Holmes (sent direct)

1 - Mr. Tavel (sent direct)

1 - Mr. DeLoach (sent direct)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated vith another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
X	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 87-57620-36, 92.3088-868, 92.4/67-270

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Office Memorandum • united states government

TO . Mr. Tolson

DATE: December 18, 1957

Boardman

FROM : G. A. Nogse

SUBTRCT:

SAC Laughlin called from Boston. He stated

Mr. Joseph P. Kennedy had been in contact with Agent with whom he is acquainted and stated his son Teddy, who attends the University of Virginia, told him recently that several people have talked to the students there and have more or less unfavorably slanted their talks against the FBI. He stated he has taught his children to respect the FBI and that it is provoking to them, as well as to himself, to hear anyone speak ill of the work of the FBI. Mr. Kennedy feels it would be an excellent idea if the Bureau could have a speaker appear before the students and give our side of the picture as to loyalty and security investigations. The only two names Mr. Kennedy mentioned as having appeared before the students were Justice William Douglas and Edward Bennett Williams. Mr. Kennedy left the impression that he would like to discuss this matter further with someone. He will be in New York tomorrow and can be reached at Murray Hill 9-2220. Laughlin did not know whether Mr. Kennedy had reference to the speakers appearing before the Law School or before the general student body of the University of Virginia.

It would seem that Mr. Kennedy's suggestion has considerable merit and is something which would be very helpful to the Bureau if an appropriate invitation could be arranged. It is suggested that I call SAC Powers in New York and have him get in touch with Mr. Kennedy tomorrow and pursue this matter further with him. It might be that Mr. Kennedy's son Teddy could discreetly arrange for an appropriate invitation for a Bureau speaker to appear before the students of the University of Virginia.

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Office Memorandum • United States Government Mr. Nichols DATE: June 9, 1948 FROM: SUBJECT: COMMISSION ON ORGANIZATION OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT You will recall that some weeks ago you suggested that complete memoranda be prepared on the twelve-member commission appointed pursuant to a bill of July 7, 1947, to make studies which will help Congress promote efficiency in the Executive Branch of the Federal Government. This Commission reportedly will sit until April, 1949, and is under the leadership of the Honorable Herbert Hoover. Among its purposes are defining and limiting function abolishing unnecessary services, eliminating duplication, cutting down expenditures, etc. Attached are summary memoranda on the following which are listed in alphabetical order:

> Dean Acheson (Former Undersecretary of State) George D. Aiken (Senator) Clarence J. Brown (Congressman) Arthur, sherwood Flemming (Civil Service Commissioner) (5) -James Forrestal | (Secretary of Defense) (6) -Herbert Hoguer (Former President) (7) Joseph P. Kennedy (Former Ambassador to Great Britain Carten Manasco (Congressman) John L. McClellan (Senator) (10) George Houk Mead (Industrialist) (11) Dr. James Kerr Polyock (University of Michigan)

(12) James H. Rowe, Jr. | (Former Assistant to President Roosevelt and Assistant to the

Attorney General) . ` A perusal of these memoranda will reveal that none of the individuals have indicated any basic hostility toward the FBI.

fact, the vast majority of them have indicated a very friendly attitude toward the Bureau. It is noted that in a few instances such as Dean Acheson and Dr. James Kerr Pollock :

somewhat liberal.

AttachmentDeleted Copy Sent Per Form Request 7

June 9, 1948

MEMORANDUM

Re: Joseph P. Kennedy

I. Background

A. Personal History

It was on East Boston's Meridian Street that Joseph P. Kennedy was born on September 6, 1888, the son of Patrick J. and Mary (Hickey) Kennedy. His father was a politician with a coal business and part interest in a number of saloons, so that the Kennedys were moderately well off. Just the same, Joe peddled papers, sold candy on an excursion steamer, took tickets on a sightseeing boat, and went to parochial school until the seventh grade. Then he attended the Boston Latin School where he made a record for himself as an athlete. He continued his education at Harvard, graduating with a B. A. Degree in 1912, and entered the business world with \$5,000 earned by driving a sight-seeing bus during his summers at college.

Massachusetts, but after eighteen months he managed to borrow enough money to buy part of the stock of the Columbia Trust, and in 1914, he was elected president of the bank. He was only twenty-five, the youngest bank president in the United States.

On October 7, 1914, Joseph Kennedy married Rose Fitzgerald, the daughter of a former Mayor of Boston, and they are the parents of nine children. Kennedy's father-in-law made him director for

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the city of the Collateral Loan Company, but in 1917, he quit banking for a while and became assistant general manager of the Fore River Plant of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation. He spent twenty months building ships for Bethlehem Steel and Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt, got himself on the board of trustees of the Massachusetts Electric Company, and finally in 1919, joined the Boston Branch of the Hayden-Stone Company, investment bankers. In that same year, Kennedy also bought control of a New England chain of thirty-one small movie houses, and for several years he speculated extensively on the stock market.

In 1926, Kennedy sold part of his little theater chain, bought control of the Film Booking Offices of America, and started making motion pictures. In 1928, he became special supervisor on the board of Pathe, and later chairman of the board. He bought a controlling interest in Keith, Albee, Orpheum Theaters Corporation and for five months served as chairman of their board. Finally, a reshuffling of stocks and the formation of Radio, Keith, Orpheum, left him holding a fortune in RKO. He retained only the chairmanship of Pathe, and left that position in 1930, but when he quit the movies he was reportedly worth five million dollars.

(Current Biography 1940; Who's Who in America 1948-49)

B. Kennedy's Interest in National Politics (1932-1938)

It was reported that Kennedy gave fifteen thousand dollars to the 1932 democratic campaign fund, lent five thousand

more, and is supposed to have contributed another one hundred thousand indirectly. In that year he traveled with the Roosevelt Campaign Train, and in 1934, Roosevelt appointed Kennedy head of the Securities Exchange Commission, a choice which aroused considerable comment due to Kennedy's background of market speculation. But when Kennedy resigned in September, 1935, it was generally conceeded that he had done a good job.

Back in private life, Kennedy worked for a short time as an independent corporation consultant reorganizing RCA, making a report on Paramount Pictures and reorganizing the Hearst properties. He also published a campaign volume, I'm For Roosevelt, (1936). In October, 1936, Washington columnist Ray Tucker stated that Kennedy was "working the millionaires' side of the New Deal Street" by assuring the "economic royalists" that F. D. R. had run out of radical blueprints. In 1937, Roosevelt made him chairman of the newly-formed Maritime Commission, set up to create an American Merchant Marine and to administer the United States Merchant Marine Act. He was in charge for seventyfive days, during which he settled many operators' claims against the Government, and worked out a scheme for subsidizing shipping companies to the tune of twenty-five million dollars a year. National Maritime Union called Kennedy a "Union Wrecker" because of his advocacy of legislation to outlaw strikes and make arbitration of labor disputes compulsory. This attitude was evidenced six years later when Kennedy was being considered as

National Executive Director of the United Seamen's Service, Inc.

He was not approved due to the violent objections of Joseph

Curran and the N. M. U. On February 18, 1938, Kennedy resigned the chairmanship of the Maritime Commission to accept the post of United States Ambassador (first Irish and first Catholic) to Great Britain. (Current Biography 1940; 100-138377-62; 61-7550-67213)

C. Kennedy and Appeasement

On June 14, 1939, the Director transmitted to Presidential Secretary Stephen Early a copy of a section of the Foreign Observer dated at New York City on June 1, 1939. The Director invited Early's attention to remarks quoted therein from the privatelycirculated and well-informed Week of London which reflected British bewilderment as to why Kennedy was allowed to remain as Ambassador considering his record as an appeaser and an apologist for Chamberlain. This publication reported that Kennedy had informed members of the British Government that they need not worry about anything that Mr. Roosevelt may say, for the reason that (1) "It will be my friends that are in the White House in 1940." (2) Roosevelt is run by the Jews and all the anti-fasaist sentiment in the United States is largely created by the Jews who run the press." Tomerhan A British Sent. Week indicated that Kennedy's statements, we're causing considerable confusion in British Cabinet meetings as to whether they reflected the true American opinion regarding appeasement of Axis powers.

In October, 1940, Kennedy returned to the United States, and in November submitted his resignation, which was not immediately accepted. On January 13, 1941, John O'Donnell, anti-Roosevelt and anti-British columnist, charged that Ambassador Kennedy was ready to attack the administration but was being muzzled by Roosevelt's failure to release him from his Ambassadorship. At about this time, Kennedy's report to the President, submitted prior to his resignation, but suppressed by the administration, began to leak out. It briefly indicated that in Kennedy's opinion democracy was finished in Great Britian and that Fascism was taking hold in that country. (61-7566-2191; 62-65764-17; 97-427-41; 94-3-4-763-1)

Bureau files indicate that Kennedy's appeasement sentiments were shared by two of his sons. On December 17, 1940, the Associated Press reported that a group of Harvard students had announced a new peace group, the Harvard Committee Against Wilitary Intervention in Europe, and listed Joseph P. Kennedy, Jr., son of the then Ambassador, as one of its members. (61-10498-A)



(65-39058-4,7,73)

On April 27, 1947, Assistant Director D. M. Ladd commented by memorandum on Kennedy's appeasement attitude, stating that it was "thought to be important only as it threw light on his present views about Russia as reported by Mr. Arthur Krock."

Krock of the New York Times, writing from Florida, described Kennedy as spokesman for a group of industrialists and financiers who believed that Russia should not be opposed at any point. Our American energies should be devoted to keeping America prosperous. Thus, when Communism fails in Russia, or more properly in the rest of Europe, the people whose faith in Communism has been destroyed by its failure will return their allegiance to democratic beliefs. Then, according to Kennedy,

the only country to which they will be able to turn for aid will be the United States, and thus the complete superiority of the democratic over the Communistic system will be demonstrated.

(94-37808-4)

II. Contacts With the Bureau

In June, 1938, Special Agent advised that he had received very cordial treatment from Ambassador Kennedy in London while Acers was there visiting Scotland Tard.

(1-16-36-126)

Let is of primary interest that Joseph P. Kennedy has been listed as a special service contact of the Boston Field Division since September 7, 1943. In a letter dated December 27, 1943, the Boston Office advised that the Resident Agent in Hyannis, Massachusetts, had had many productive investigative and social contacts with Mr. Kennedy. In a report for the quarter ending October, 1944, the Special Agent in Charge stated that the assistance of Mr. Kennedy had been enlisted in the case entitled

Because of his previous experience in the shipbuilding business Kennedy was in a position to make valuable inquiries regarding the case and did so, and furnished the field office with the results. No further special contacts are reflected with Kennedy since that time. (67-380854)

On April 20, 1946, Joseph P. Kennedy called the Director's Office from New York and left word that

In April, 1942, the Bureau received unsolicited information from a confidential source of unknown reliability concerning certain transactions implicating

Joseph P. Kennedy,

and

reportedly traveled to England just prior to the repeal of, prohibition and by virtue of his relationship to secured exclusive outlet rights for the United States from Distillers Limited, which reportedly controlled almost the entire Scotch Whiskey output in England. American liquor interests were said to have objected strenuously to the above procedure and caused their presidential and congressional contacts to bring pressure against it. on being rebuked , allegedly contacted Joseph P. Kennedy, then chairman of the Maritime Commission, suggesting that the latter, assume the interest previously secured. To avoid any objections that might have been imposed by Distillers Limited, regarding the continuation of these contacts by Kennedy, it was considered a good idea to have Kennedy go to Great Britain as Ambassador. Kennedy reportedly carried on with the agreements entered into and allegedly received an annual income from that source of over one million dollars. It was finally alleged who had been informed of the above, was that reluctant to act on the information since its disclosure would likely create disunity while the Nation was at war. (100-99500) In October, 1942,

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Mexico and failed to present her jewelry for Customs Examination.

During her interrogation by a Customs Agent, subject stated that she knew former Ambassador Joseph P. Kennedy and that he could testify that the jewelry was hers. Subject is an American born international adventuress who has admittedly cohabitated with prominent German officials after the fall of France and the jewels were claimed to be gifts from former admirers.

(100-29023-56)

In 1944, it was noted that Joseph P. Kennedy was one of the majority stockholders of the corporation controlling Haileah Race Track in Florida. Kennedy was also indicated to be engaged in the liquor business and owned several moving picture houses in New York City. (62-75147-16, Page 96)

It should also be noted that Miss Eunice Kennedy, a daughter of Joseph P. Kennedy, is employed in the Department of Justice as Executive Secretary to the Attorney General in charge of juvenile matters.

a neighbor of his in Palm Beach, Florida, believed she was being investigated by the FBI. Kennedy said the story sounded "fishy" to him and wondered if he could be advised on the situation. The Viami Office conducted inquiry and found the story was the result of a misunderstanding on the part of who had apparently exaggerated an inquiry by a real estate dealer to one of her neighbors. No impersonation of Bureau Agents was involved. The Director talked to Kennedy later the same day and so advised him. (62-80916)

On May 23, 1946, an article entitled "Let Us Not Pursue False Gods" by Joseph P. Kennedy appeared in the Commercial and Financial Chronicle published in New York. Under the heading "Capable Men Needed in Politics," Kennedy stated in part, "I say without fear that nowhere in any country will you find a more efficient body of public servants then the young men in our FBI, as organized and directed by J. Edgar Hoover. Intelligent, alert, imaginative, sympathetic to public opinion and citizens' needs, it is tops in public administration and service."

(94-36077-1)

III. Associations of Interest to the Bureau

It will be recalled that in May, 1940, Ambassador

Kennedy figured prominently in the arrest of Tyler Kent, American

Embassy code clerk who subsequently served five years in a

British prison. Kent was discharged from his job and was convicted in British court for violating the Official Secrets Act

for having in his possession confidential Embassy documents.

(65-27850)

Office Me. wrandum • united states government

TO : Mr. Tolson

GIR 16

DATE: December 23, 1957

PROM : G. A.

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BJECT:

Reference is made to my memorandum to you problem Becember 18, regarding information Special Agent of the Boston Office received from former Ambassador Joseph P. Kennedy relative to observations made by Kennedy's son Teddy concerning an FBI speaker to appear before the University of Virginia Law School at some future date. Since Kennedy was in New York, I had SAC Powers talk to him.

Powers reported telephonically the night of December 19, that he had talked to Kennedy and ascertained his son Edward, also known as Teddy, is a second-year student at the University of Virginia Law School and is one of five students on a student committee handling invitations to prospective speakers to address the Law School student body. The Committee of students is headed by the son of former Governor Battle of Virginia.

Ambassador Kennedy advised Powers that Supreme Court Justice Douglas had not yet addressed the student body but would do so sometime next spring and that he, Kennedy, had arranged for Douglas to make this talk. Kennedy stated, while he did not agree with Douglas' decisions in every case, he did not believe Douglas would be making uncomplimentary statements about the FBI. He explained that the student committee likes to get speakers on both sides of current questions and Douglas is known to be a dissenter; accordingly, while he arranged for Douglas' appearance, he did not believe the Justice would be anti-FBI.

Mr. Kennedy stated he understood from his son that Edward Bennett Williams had talked to the students and that his boy felt there were some possible inferences made by Williams which might have been interpreted as being unfavorable to the Bureau. He then advised Powers that Teddy would be in New York later in the day and he would have Teddy call Powers inasmuch as he, Mr. Kennedy, did not know the specifics.

Mr. Kennedy then told Powers that his son could arrange for a Bureau speaker by writing to the Director and Powers concurred.

Mr. Kennedy observed that the audience would not be receptive to the usual Rotary Club type of talk but would be interested in the philosophy and theory of FBI investigations and that there would be a question.

SENT DIRECTOR SENT DIRECTOR 9512-23-57

RECORDED - 96

March 2. 1953

AIR MAIL - SPECIAL DELIVERY

Honorable Joseph P. Lennedy North Ocean Boulevard Palm Beach, Florida

Dear, Joes

I wented you to know that I have received a report from the Inspector whom I sent to see of Notre Dame University last week in line with our previous correspondence.

Although the matter in which interested does not come within the jurisdiction of this Bureau, we are taking certain steps to secure information of possible value to connection with the matter. I did want you to know that the matter had been taken care of.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards,

> Sincerely, J. Edgar Hoover

137 -1010a

Dame

North Ocean Boulevard Palm Beach, Florida

Tr. Tolson Mr. Ladd___

Mr. Glavin. Mr. Harbo. Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tracy.

Mr. Gearty.

Tele. Room. Mr. Holloman Mr. Sizoo... Miss Gandy_

Mr. Winterrowd

Mr. Mohr_

March 11, 1953

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25, D. C.

()()

Dear Edgar:

at Notre Dame z. I talked with today and I can't tell you how appreciative all the topside men at Notre Dame are at the wonderful cooperation you extended to them. They were so unsettled about the whole matter that just having somebody talk to them has calmed them down appreciably. They saw visions of another football scandal and they just did not seem able to cope with it. However, they realize now that it is not within your jurisdiction, but the matter was such a national one that your advice and suggestions meant a great deal to them.

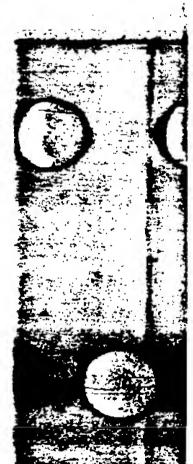
I want to tell you also that I am very grateful to you for your help in this matter. Again it makes me feel how privileged we all are to have a man like yourself giving his life to the service of his country, and everytime I begin to get disgusted with bureaucratic methods, I think of the FBI and all is forgiven.

Please thank Clyde again for all his kindness to me on the telephone.

With my warmest personal regards, I am

Sincerely. Joseph P. Kennedy

ES 1953



67 MAR 26 1953

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Mr. Lauter

Mr. McIntire .. Mi. Nicipale

Hr. witte Tenn

THE TOTAL STATE

Mr. Tracy

June 14, 1939

Secretary to the Frestd The White House Fashington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Early:

As of possible interest to you I am transmitting herewith a photostatic copy of a section of The Foreign Observer dated at New York City on June 1, 1939. I invite your attention particularly to the reference to the President and United States Ambassader Kennedy appearing on page four of this publication.

With assurances of my highest

Sincerely yours, INDEXED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION JUN 19 1933

11 S. Carre 1 4 -

(5)

New York, June 1. No. 46

phorrow's headlines.
Editors: Watch your wires
for last minute copy that
might alter some of the
text. Must credit THE
FOREIGN OBSERVER)

SIGN OF HOPE

Best indication this week of peace for Europe, for a while at any rate, was the announcement from The Hague revoking the State of Alarm orders, a prelude to general mobilization. The Dutch, however, who certainly would be among the first to suffer if Hitler attacked in the West, still maintained a rigid guard over their frontier bridges and roads, and the dynamite charges to blow up the dikes were left intact.

Further food for thought was tossed at Hitler by the aviation editor of the Sunday Times of London with the announcement that Britain's Royal Air Force is now six months ahead of schedule, with 1,000 planes being turned out each month. This means that English plane construction can turn out between 35,000 and 40,000 ships for a war, and if as many as 30 planes are shot down a day, Britain can still keep shead of any foe in the air. It also was announced that a new fast plane, the Marine Spitfire, has been developed which can travel on an average of 365 m.p.h., far exceeding anything in the German or Italian air corps. These planes are equipped with eight machine guns. A second fighting plane known as the Hawker Hurricane has been developed which can average 330 m.p.h.

At the same time, Major General Sir Frederick Maurice, addressing 1,000 delegates of the British Legion, bluntly warned Germany not to repeat the mistakes made by Kaiser Wilhelm and his war-lords in 1914. "Let there be no mistake, if our liberties are threatened, we will fight for them," he said.

CZECH "REVOLT" HALLED

More ominous, however, was a movement reported from Warsaw where a large group of exiled Czechs were forming a Czech Legion under General Lev Prchala, former Minister of the Interior of the Carpatho-Ukraine, as a direct threat to Hitler. Claiming that Germany had broken all promises to Moravia and Bohemia, General Prchala warned that the Czechs were almost at the point of an open rebellion. What made this

34 2 11 - 71 3 -1

The anti-Comintern fact is intended for the destruction of the Comintern, and not for anything else. Under the pressure of this agreement, however, Soviet Russia has become inactive, if temporarily, and the antagonism between the totalitarian States and the democracies has come to the fore. But that does not alter the fact that Soviet Russia remains Japan's potential enemy. We must therefore direct the anti-Comintern pact against her, as hitherto. At the same time, we must see that the Soviet does not make political capital out of the friction we are likely to have with Britain, America and France over the China question. Since the Munich Pact, the Soviet has been endeavoring to check Britain and France by flirting with Germany and Italy and scheming to influence the major democracies to make things unpleasant for Japan. In the light of the prevailing world situation, Japan must adopt judicious measures to keep Soviet Russia out of mischief."

"MYSTERY OF MR. KENNEDY"

While United States Ambasandor William Bullitt was declaring at Neuilly the first of the week that a new world war is not inevitable, and saying that Americans killed in the last war had not died in vain because they "prevented the formation of a world which could have become more vile than that in which we live now" the American Ambassador to the Court of St. James was curiously spot-lighted by the privately circulated and well-informed Week of London:

London (and perhaps Washington) was becoming increasingly puzzled this week by the 'Mystery of Mr. Kennedy'--and still more by the mystery of why Mr. Roosevelt maintains Mr. Kennedy in the post of Ambassador to Great Britain. His role has been, and still is, of very much greater importance in its effects on both sides of the Atlantic than the general public supposes. Before his recent trip to Washington, Mr. Kennedy was already well known in both capitals as an "appeaser" of the first water. He was the principal apologist for Mr. Chamberlain in Washington, and at the same time was known to be informing Mr. Chamberlain that in reality American opinion--serious American opinion--so far from being hostile to Munichism, was really supporting it and that therefore Mr. Chamberlain did not really need to worry about the apparent outbursts of indignation from the other side, regardless of the quarter from which they came.

Mr. Kennedy, whose relations with certain representatives of General Franco were common knowledge, played a particularly important part in the politics of "Non-Intervention" and was actively engaged in supporting, from his strategically strong position, the policy which resulted in the great break through of the Axis in Spain. His trip to Washington was, as everyone expected, the occasion of a very severe dressing down by the President. But the mystery began when Mr. Kennedy, instead of being sent on a holiday, after all returned to London as Ambassador. For, since his return, his activities have become more remarkable than ever. He has, for instance, gone to the length of informing members of the British Government that they 'need not worry' about anything that Mr. Roosevelt may say, for the reason that (1) "It will be my friends that are in the White House in 1940." (2) "Roosevelt is run by the Jews and all the anti-Fascist sentiment in the United States is really created by the Jews, who run the press."

The bland assurance with which Mr. Kennedy circulates these staggering opinions about the Government which he is, after all, supposed to represent, have occasioned some considerable eyebrow-lifting even among those--in the "appeasement" camp--who find them useful. There have, in fact, been several occasions during the past three or four weeks on which the opinions of the United States Ambassador have been not merely quoted but decisively used at British Cabinet meetings, when the suggestion has been made that continued signs of "appeasement" and, above all, the Federation of British Industries Agreement with the German Government, are producing a disastrous effect on the other side of the Atlantic. To those who try to suggest that the American Ambassador--a wealthy Catholic speculator--is probably not representative at all of American opinion, and is playing a game of his own, the retort is made: if that is so, why does he remain Ambassador?



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
\square	Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(d) with no segregable material available for release to you.
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	Documents originated vith another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
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	For your information:
1	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: $94-4.2838.268$

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\$355 marcz 7, 1:10

Rederal Bureau of Investigation,

Washington, D.C.

Gentlemen:

94-5

Please find enclosed a clipping from the New York Daily Mirror of Sanfa September 8, 1940 by Drew Pearson and Robert S.Allen. In my opinion to is the most vicious type of Pazi propaganda, all the more so lecause t athane would aprear to be above suspicion. This stuff is litting below the belt, even to the picture of Joe Hennedy with his hand before his face. If you will read this article and then carefully re-read it, as-Tid, I believe you will fail to discover, as I did, any least icta of "indiapatable" fact or anything remotely resembling a fact. The effect of this story on people who take it seriously would be a feeling of defeatism, a feeling of what's the use, why fight Witler when the big sho will seal us out anyway. This is vicious when our country is trying to defend itself. As the legally constituted agency I suggest that you investigate these fellows and find out what tieups they have with the Tazis, if any, and if they have no tieups why they have to pedale poise and call it news. I believe this to be a matter of vital national conc because all the billions wrung out of the people for taxes will be was! if morale is undermined by this Find of cheap journalism. I should like a reply that this letter was received and that it will be given consideration, if you please. RECORDED & INDEXED

Tours respectfully

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your shortly traveling to YORK undertake escort voyage? References ex-Write O. N., care of arker and Sons, Ltd., St. w., Cannon Street, E.C.4. AL ADOPTION SOCIETY.

ondon address, 4, Belter I. (Welbeck 7213), Wast Branch, 5, Bennet Street,

you remain in Lendon?—
n why don't you come and
ORCHESTER GATE, Lendats with the unique view
most marvelous AIR RAID
R?—Mayswater 3941.

NONE-WEEK SHORT-D is accepted by all Auxi-rices and Examining Redies. in 12 two-hour lessons; first free.—Dept. P., 82-8, Grant Street, W.C.1. (Museum

MEAD HOUSE HOTEL, usy. It's delightful here R.F. Shelter,

MERING DEFECTS OF Courses; Children (safe - Miss Emil-Behake, Moor Lass End, Bucks.

ED, M-12 h.p. HALOON -PR: mileage under 16,000.— >x W.860, The Times, E.C.4.

remember the N.S.P.C.C. WILL. Its vast work for children needs help?—The Victory House, Leicester

ayone TRAVELLING to OUVER ISLAND take boy age 137—O'Brien,

-Whether essential for Or for reasonable for or for the many desirable than at EHEUMA EPA.
NORTH WALLER For The Cure'; every upled with modern Spatification. Write Secre-bruchure and lerms.

C EXCESS and the Tax tmest.—Apply Secretary. Square, L.L. May. Seet.

B. Pre-Medical, School nte, and other examina-vidual Tuition; deep un-tomb-proof shelter.—Bad-lege, Lantherband 2472.

with capital REQUIRED nd established surring area.—Write Box W.Sek.

OT can't knit someforte O'T can't knit conducts rvice Mes. Minesweeper but everybody can help can. Many Church Army liters will gladly give the they can't give wool at the buy it. Den't wait at the mess.—Preb. Cariffe "Ent.-gin," Church Army, 55, Bireet, W.L.

ED ARTIFICIAL TEETR ly needed. Places help men H.M. Forcan. Speciacospinable. Ivory Cries. its, Street, W.L.

MALAYA. For Informs a all matters relating to pulture, mining, motoring, attractions you are in-write for illustrated book-the Malayan Informa-ly, Malaya House, Trafai-a, London, W.C.I.

Priest said to Jesse, "T Thee by the living God, chall the whether Thou he the flow of God. Janus him. Thou hast said: It say unto you, Hence-thall see the flow of Man the right hand of power g on the clouds of heaven. Merry-G -Round

By DREW PEARSON and BO. (The authors of the esturan in the sp.



AS AN APPEASER Joseph P. Kennedy, U. S. Ambassador to England, is no longer alone. Other Britishers have joined him.

Appeasement Rears Its Head Again WASHINGTON.—It is no secret that for many months one of the foremost appeasers in Anglo-

American circles was the ebullient and able Joseph Patrick Kennedy, U. S. Ambassador to the Court of St. James's. Joe has felt that if war continued, the present capitalistic system would crack; that it would be better to accept a semi-defeat now than lose all later.

Until recently, however, Ambassador Kennedy has been pretty much alone. Now, however, reports have reached the War and Navy Departments of an appeasement move inside high British financial circles and inside the Admiralty.

How far this appearement attitude prevails is almost impossible to ascertain. However, the indisputable fact is that such reports have been made officially, and here is the substance of what they contain:

1 British naval officers, close up to the war, beartaick over losing vessels every day, struggling desperately to stave off invasion, are wondering whether they are not, after all, really lighting for the United States; whether after the Battle of Britain in over, England, even if universed, will not be helpless, leaving the United States with her mavy intact ready to reap all the economic and strategic advantages of the war's aftermeth.

2-Furthermore, even if England is able to prevent in-vasion this Fall, British naval and military strategists doubt very much whether the United States will be willing to send hombers and attack planes to her help next Spring.

Factories Damaged

3-There has been much more damage to British factories than the news indicates. And as this destruction daily mounts into millions, British financial leaders figure it will take years for Britain to re-build her economic empire. Meanwhile all markets will be lost to the United States. This is

among Dutch bankers and which led to the surrender of Holland

4-Furthermore, there have been talks in Wall Street by Mazi dusiness emissaries which lead British businessmen to believe that the United States may make a deal with Hitler. So some British tycoons wonder whether they should not do likewise, perhaps even get there first.

5—Finally there has been some underground criticism of Prime Minister Churchill for bartering away British benes in the Western Hemisphere. But even more important, the Admiralty was very impatient over the slowness in transfering fifty destroyers which the British seadogs believe are of no value to the United States and which spell life or death for England.

Churchill to Fight On

The fact that these destroyers were delayed, when the British Navy believes (and Willide has virtually said) that it is fighting also for the safety of the United States, has caus resentment in the Admiralty.

To get the other side of the

Gifted with a keen sense and not afraid to talk, Wondell Willkie is popular with the reporters covering him. Now and then, however, he speaks his mind regarding something written about him.

Greeting one newsman, Will-kie herked, "You've been writing some fiction about me."
"Well," replied the reporter

with a grin, "you're quite a fictional character." Willkie laughed and said no more. v

picture, however, it should be noted that none of this centiment exists in the mind of Churchill or any of his cabinet. The Churchill Government has made it clear in conversations with the Roosevelt Administration that it is working toward lnog-term cooperation with the United States.

Furthermore it is probable that about 90 per cent of the British public-perhaps even 99 per cent-is determined to see the war through to the finish. They do not trust Hitler and figure that any half-way peace would only put them in the present desperate plight of France. "

However, a small minority in England, when highly enough placed, can have a decided effect upon policy. So while the appearement talk so far is small, it would be well to watch it—especially if devastating aerial bombardment continues.

No-Contract Lewis

TTS a CIO secret, but John L. Lewis is having a bit of labor trouble right in his own bousehold.

He is refusing to sign a contract with the clerical workers in the Washington office of Labor's Nonpartisan League, which he completely dominates since Eli Oliver quit as director a few months ago in protest at Lewis' anti-third term thunder-The girls in this office are

erganized, well paid (\$35 a week is the minimum) and have so complaints regarding hours or working conditions. But they want a formal agreement and see no reason why Lewis, who insiets on contracts with employers, abould give them one. Lewis is balking on the ground that a contract is unnecessary, since his dealings with his employes always are fair and they should not treat him like an ordinary boss. Also he contends that he newer grants a contract. This is true to the extent that he doesn't

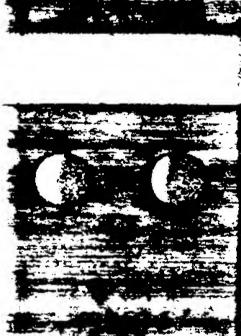
unless he has to. Several years ago a union at CIO headquarters in Washington almost went on strike against him over the same issue. To avoid such an embarrassing spectacle, Lewis gave in and signed up.

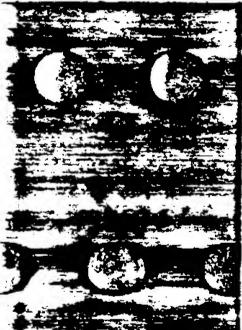
Whether the Nonpartisan League girls will go to this extent is problematical. But LIIlian Greenspan, firm head of their local, seems quite de termined, says it's a matter of

"fundamental principle."
(Couriet, 194, United Feature Strat.)



MINION BOSS. goose is NOT sauce for the ganger. are recuses to sign a labor





J. 1914

94-8-350-49

September 16, 1940



Dear I

I have received your letter dated September 7, 1940, together with the enclosure contained therein.

I have read your letter and the enclosed newspaper elipping with a great deal of interest. This matter has been placed in the official files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and will receive appropriate attention. I greatly appreciate your courtesy and thoughtfulness in writing to me in this regard.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

Mr. Cieda
Mr. Cieda
Mr. Ferrerith
Mr. Methen
Mr. Ledd
Mr. Egen
Mr. Clevin
Mr. Nichole
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Min. Conde

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAILED

SEP 171940

P. M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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Tolson Belmont Mohr . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Callahan . Memorandum 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. DeLoach MR. SULLIVAN DATE: 9/18/61 - Mr. Rosen Tele. Room Ingram Mr. Sullivan Gandy Mr. Branigan 1 - Mr. Stark DREW PEARSON RADIO BROADCAST SUBJECT: STATION WIOP, WASHINGTON, D. C. 6:45 p.m., 9/16/61, Pearson made no mention of the Director or the FBI The following is a resume of some of during this broadcast. Pearson's statements. WASHINGTON: Time is running out in the Berlin situation. very important Ambassador informed me there is only about three weeks left to negotiate. After that it will be very difficult to prevent war. MOSCOW: Ambassador (Llewellyn) Thompson has warned that Russia will set off a super-terror bomb just as Khrushchev has predicted. It will be the grand climax in the current series of Russian tests. CAPITOL HILL: Two Russian diplomats talked secretly with influential Congressmen last week telling them Russia is ready for a reasonable compromise on Berlin. This could mark the first hopeful note in an otherwise exceedingly dangerous situation edging closer to war every day SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CAROLINA: The inside reason why Senator Olin Johnston agreed to President Kennedy's postal increase was because the White House had held up appointments of all judges and U. S. Marshals in South Carolina recommended by the Senator from South Carolina. 22 SEP 20 1961 55 SEP 25 1961

Memorandum Branigan to Sullivan Re: DREW PEARSON RADIO BROADCAST

CAPITOL HILL:

Congressman Wright Patman of Texas has asked the Library of Congress to make a survey of American fascism including neo-Fascism and the John Birch Society.

Attention Chairman (Newtop) Minow of the Federal Communications Commission. Look carefully into the part General Electric played in our failure to launch satellites in competition with the Soviets. You will find that Dr. Richard Porter, while on General Electric's payroll, was also a consultant for the Army and advised to switch our satellite to a Viking rocket powered by a General Electric engine. This switching of rockets and rocket engines was one of the most important factors in causing the United States to lag behind Russia in launching the first sputnik.

MOSCOW:

With the way to make the

One Soviet Government officer talked to me about the advisability of inviting Joseph P. Kennedy, father of the President, or Robert Kennedy, Attorney General, to Moscow to show there was no ill feeling toward the Kennedy family. But as I reported previously, the Soviet Government was somewhat like Walter Reuther's United Auto Workers or any other labor union. They ask for more than they expect to get. They rattle the sword before they sit down at the bargaining table. This can be quite dangerous, much more dangerous when you're playing with war rather than wages and strikes.

PREDICTIONS:

If and when Felix Frankfurter retires from the Supreme Court, he will be replaced by Arthur Goldberg, Secretary of Labor. If he goes up to the Supreme Court, I predict his assistant, Mrs. Esther Peterson, will become Secretary of Labor.

The present maneuvering by Senate liberals to change the filibustering rules will turn out to be a sham-battle, mainly maneuvering for headlines. I predict they will fold after 48 hours.

Mr. Toleon. Founded in 1839 M. E. A. Terini. The Commercial & Financial Chronicle Mr. Clegg lir. Gievin WILLIAM B. DANA CO., Publishers 25 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK 5, N. Y. Mr. Tracy Mr. Carson M- Egan Mr. Quinn Tamte Miss Gandy May 29, 1946 Hon. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C. Dear Mr. Hoover: I am sending you under separate cover a copy of our current issue, marked to call attention to the reference to yourself in an article by Joseph P-Kennedy. I am certain that this will interest you. Faithfully yours. ENCLOSURE ATTACAME



Affect and the service of the servic

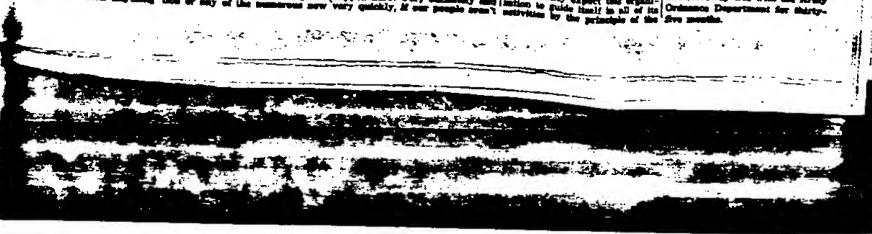
Let Us Not Pursue False Gods

(Contract from pour property propert

Congress, in permitting bountle of real property sweet by the RFC had not defined the ter "real property" and that State legion that an RPC official spid must has had about \$4,000,000,000 in machinery in furty-six states."

BOUSTON, TEXAS Buylis & Parrell and Joseph K. Christopy





October 29, 1953

GIF

Lennedy TOT ***

ce, has advised me of the very
th he enjoyed with you recently,
remarks about the FBI which ine.

you to know how deeply gratified our kind expression of confidence. ort is indeed a source of great m; associates and me.

-inly will be a pleasure to have at the FBI any time you find it oo

Eincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

et 10-23-53.

t nothing derogatory identifiable ly. Congressional Directory indicates s from Boston.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File Na

October 23, 1953

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Miss Gar

Mr. Tolson Mr. Led.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

On Wednesday, October 21, 1953, I had the pleasure of meeting the Honorable Senator John F. Lerrady at the home of his father, the Honorable Joseph P. Kennedy, at Hyannisport, Massachusetts, and enjoyed a very pleasant visit with him. As his Tather did when I met him this summer, Senator Kennedy expressed himself as believing the FBI to be the only real Governmental agency worthy of its salt and expressed his admiration for your accomplishments. He stated that when he goes to Washington in January, 1954, he would enjoy very much meeting you and having a chat with you at the Bureau. "I told him I was sure that you would be pleased to have him meet you at any time which would be mutually convenient. He is a very personable young man who, I feel, is imbued with a sincere desire to do a top-notch job and I feel that with his family background and training he will be a credit to his outstanding family.

Sincerely yours,

Special Agent in Char

Honorable Joseph P. Kennedy Marchant Street Byannie Pert, Massachusetts

(K E-1

Dear Joes

I was very sorry to learn of the suffering that your son has undergone since his recent operation. He certainly seems to have had more than his share of physical pain, considering his heroic actions and the unfortunate happenings in the Pacific during Forld Far II.

He has displayed great courage and determimation, and I hope that he will be rewarded by an early and complete recovery.

COMM — FEI NOV 1 0 1954 MAILED 28 Edgar

cc - Boston, reurlet 11-4-54.

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MOTE: Salutation per mailing list.

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Office Memorandum • United States Government Mentales

ATTENTION: L. B. NICHOLS, ASST. TO THE DIREC

DI RECTOR, FBI

DATE: November 4

Mr. Tolson ...

311.95#1:m_

Mr. Sizoo ... Mr. Winter: Tele. Room.

Mr. Hollom: Miss Gandy

flom: SAC, BOSTON

UBJECT:

SENATOR JOHN F. KENNEDY

JACK KENNEW

There are set forth below suggested letters to Senator, JOHN F. KENNEDY and his father, JOSEPH P. KENNEDY:

Honorable John F. Kennedy United States Senator Hospital for Special Surgery 42nd Street, New York, New York

My dear Senator Kennedy:

I was sorry to learn of the intense suffering you have undergone & since your recent operation.

The gallant courage and determination you have displayed in the past, plus the prayers and hopes of your millions of admirers and friends I am sure will give you the assistance you need.

I sincerely hope the worst is now behind you and that you enjoy a speedy and complete recovery.

42

Honorable Joseph P. Kennedy Marchant Street Hyanniabort, Massachusetts

Dear Joe:

I was sorry to learn that your son Jack, has undergone such great \ suffering since his recent operation.

Considering his suffering and heroic actions in the Pacific during World War II and the resultant hospitalization and operations, he seems to have had more than his share of physical pain.

Jack certainly has displayed great courage and determination and I hope he is rewarded by an early recovery.

HGF: maw

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Bovenber 9, 1954

Monorable John F. Kennedy United States Senator Mospital for Special Surgery 42nd Street New York, New York

My dear Senator:

It was with great regret that I learned of the suffering occasioned by your recent operation. You have the heartfelt prayers and hopes of your many admirers and friends, and I hope that this thought, as well as the gallant courage and determination which you have displayed in the past, will give you the fortitude you need.

I hope that the worst is now behind you and that you will enjoy a speedy and complete recovery.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

cc - Boston, reurlet 11-4-54.

COLAN - FE 35 NOV 1 0 1954 F

Senator Kennedy was injured in a PT-boat crash MOTE He recently underwent a painful during World War II. operation to correct the crippling effects of the 36 Tolson -Boardman occident. in Nichola _ Belmoor -Marbo _ Mohr MLL: blb Persons . Honu Rosen . 454) HG. Hoye G Tene Sizoo. Timerrows ... Tele. Room . Hollows s .. Goady _

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandun

MR. TROTTER

3/31/61 DATE:

FROM

S. F. Laton

UNSUB.; LETTER RECEIVED BY 20TH CENTURY FOX STUDIO, 3722/61 RESEARCH (CRIME RECORDS)

Los Angeles by airtel 3/24/61 submitted the original five-page typewritten letter, Q9 through Q13, of Warner Brothers Studio. This five-page letter was examined, but no latent impressions of value were developed.

A carbon copy of the afore-mentioned letter. together with a cover letter, two envelopes, and a newspaper clipping (Q1 through Q8), which were received by were also received in the Latent Fingerprint Section for examination. These items were examined and one latent fingerprint of value was developed on the envelope, Ql, nine latent fingerprints of value were developed on the five pages of the carbon copy, Q3 through Q7, and two latent fingerprints of value were developed on the cover letter, Q8. These latent fingerprints are not identical with the fingerprints of

The results of this examination are being furnished the Los Angeles Division by Latent Fingerprint Section report. The specimens, Q1 through Q13, are being returned to the Los Angeles Division with the Latent Fingerprint Section report.

The results of the laboratory examination have been set out in a separate memorandum.

RECOMMANDATION:

REC- 95 94-37374 This information be forwarded to the Investigati

2 BACIOSTRE Division.

- Mr. DeLoach, Room 5640 JB

Mr. Parsons, Room 5736 JB

- Mr. Rosen, Room 5706 JB

- Mr. Conrad, Room 7621 JB

4 15 11 51

1961 APR

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MUGINAL COPY FILED

Lear

PLANDE - don't do it., you will not be sole to handle
the repercursions. We are in the hands of master minded crooks, with
45 years of experience beaind them, -- and the scandals soon coming up now
for air, will kill your picture and you, if you do it. The secret papers
Eisenhower will soon publish will rock the world. The kennedys are on the
way out, they have been a menace for a long time. We are 60 million strop
now, -- we have clubs representing 100.000 fighting women in California alc

We are your friends, many of its living in Beverly Hills know you and your family personally and love you, and do not want to see you get nurt.

he would do the story of the PT Bost, which has just been exposed, we decided to write both of you in one, and are enclosing copy of his letter which covers the water front.

With much love and good wishes from all of us.

protection. Many of us have been advised that if we dared to tell we know about the Kennedys, -- our children will disappear over nite.

94-37274-61 ENCLOSURE e" Joseph Kennedy

Everyone is talking about you to-ary, and saying you must be slipping. (Alveys the first paragraph is supposed to be more or less startling to attract special attention -- and we hope this one will.) And t assure you too that this is not the work of crack pots, but has corefully be compiled by a group of -- highly intelligent women. -- which we will admit without even blushing, most of us living in Beverly Hills, and also with plenty of money. We are not poor, and many of us know you.

It isn't possible for us to conceive that a man of your dignity, distition, fine success, famous around the world, -- and highly intelligent too, as we have just mentahed we were, -- could be so completely duped and taken in by anything so cheap, -- as this cheap, shanty irish, pessant; immigrant steerage kennedy clan, that got into our beloved white House thru the back door.

It must be that you do not know the inside story of the -- P T Boat incident, so recently uncovered in Washington, regarding which we know all the details. This brave wonderful little hero -- disobeyed orders .-- government orders and that is why his boat was rammed. -- (But why shou a Kennedy take orders from any one?) It cost his father a hugh check to hu it down and keep it quiet, and Roosevelt was in office then and old Joe, Jac father was Roosevelt s right hand man at that time, so it was easy. And the with another large sum of money from crooked old Joe it was brought out, -- polished up and used for campaigning purposes -- and bought this green your gunk into being a hero. -- (And incidently, everyone knows that no one could carry a man by his teeth for eleven days and swim in heavy seas.)

All of the crew he was supposed to have saved, helped themselves and were decorated with old Joe's money. Everyone is saying, everywhere, -- at exclusive important cocktail parties, at the bars, even on the street, -- that the Kennedys, will of course pay for the picture; -- (it will be more good cheap publicity); -- but they are also saying that they baught you too, just for good measure, -- (for a sucker) -- they just want to use you for a puppet, so little Bobby is saying we hear, who so often speaks out of turn. So the picture will not cost you a cent; -- but you already have all the

money you could ever possibly need or use, and most certainly you do not nee publicity. Warner Bros., hold the envisble position of having made the finest pictures that have ever been made. What could a few cheap shanty irish immigrabts ever add to that??? This whole nation is so filled with

contempt for them that it takes 40.000 letters every day pouring into the white House to tell them about it. This wonderful America does not now have President, -- it has a lying, dishonest, corrupt, hi jacking, rigging expert

crook, who got in just to see how it would feel, just another sporting a new whim for a rich man's son, so easily bored.

This letter represents 60 million women, -- fighting women, with plans to do some hing about the corruption how on the march to the White House. And we are not crack pots, just decent American citizens. We have become a power. Lany of us were Democrats/ -- We have our own printing presses now, not Catholic controlled. We have IO.000 clubs with IOO.000 members in California alone, We are organizing in every state in this glotious free nation will soon be 80 million strong, that is a lot of fighting women, and a lot of votes, and a lot of power. America is finally awake. The facts regard the P T Boat story will soon be ready for print, and broadcast to the world. And added to this will be the secret documents now in the hands of Mr. Fisenhower, he took with him taxinaxia when he left office, exposing all the crooked transactions of hoosevelt, - many of which old Jos had a finger, which he intends also to broadcast so the American people can know. What will all of this do to a Warner Bros. Picture of a chocked little punk now

Wisiting for a little while at the white House. It will ruin you. If in any way you become entangled with this offer whatty irish peasant Kennedy Clan

206!

that came over here eteerage to eccape etervation in Ireland, -- (they are all of them revoltingly common) -- you will have to atoop low indeed to it. Lang of us know you personally and we don't tant it to happen to you hast of us live in Eeverly Hills.

Here is a little inside information that in some way got into the nappers recently, -- and we quote, -- "THE Fischetti mangater mob of Chicals now bragging openly that they -- (stole) --- 200,000 votes in Illinois for Lennedy. - and now have a pipe line right into the White House." The was carried in all papers, but appeared here in the Herald Express.

This Kennedy debacle is the most terrible insult America has ever - suffered, - and we do not intend to take it lying down. They have become an irritating -- ITCH -- that has to be disposed of -- not glorified. A te have plans we think will work, and at this writing we are 60.000.000st (sixty million) -- emericans who intend to free themselves from crook Thought representation by hi-powered rigging artists. The whole world is now talking of the corruption in America, and how it was used to put what got put -- there it is to-day. The F B I also states in the papers that: unprecented barrage of threatening letters arrive daily -- assassination is no longer a whisper, - everywhere you hear it, -- not only for the won for derful big (bandsome) movie star material?? -- J F K, -- but little baby brother Bobby and senile old Joe, -- seem to be right up in the front ro too. Gangaters out here are calling it a nest of vipers that have to be cleaned up. We have hosts of eager scouts . -- all first time voters . -and increasing in numbers daily, - bringing us amazing bits of inside infi mation. The gangaters are now on the war path, because of the big brave plans of little Bobby to dispose of them. How can anything as fine as The Erner Bros. -- - Studios, -- afford to get gummed up with anything !

like this? "Juille" Jacque Inc Premiedy

A fine young business man here in Beverly Hills, - now working with us, - both he and his wife, -- went to Harvard at the same time this gree arrogant punk - Jack Kennedy was there. He said he didn't even make avera grades, -- and even then he was so immoral that no decent young man on the campus, would associate with him. He just loafed there for four years, a was awfully busy on the outside with women, -- so his father finally bough him a diploma and took him home. He said also that knowing him as he does he is terrified at the thot of where he is to-day. Also that when the Harvard Profs. run out of answers, and can give no more helpful suggestion this poor little Jack will blow up, as he has no knowledge of his own. Eventually just one immature wrong dicision, blow us all into eternity.

His wife, poor little Jackie, -- who is half Italian and half Bussian.

-was born in France and is a catholic, - (people out here call these mixed races - half breeds) --

16 this America??

eell it is in our beloved white House. And we hope Warner Bros. will never give it it S STALP or APPROVAL. A Everywhere and abroad we here -- how corrupt America has become to tolerate such things. This poor little Jacki doesn't want to be where the is. She knows she doesn't belong, and can in no way represent our wonderful American women. And we all knot that too. We have not accepted such an insult to represent up and have so advised her She knows of all the corruption in the Kennedy family, and as despiced there all of them, and mean in river writes have

She knows of his many mistresses, -- some of them are men, -- and avoids appearing with him in public even now, cross the nation ho is known as a sex pervert, and many countries abroad know how depleted we have become, many are discussing goin- over to Russia, secouse America has become so corrupt, has lost all brestige, and has crooks in the White House. This Kennedy debacts is our supreme humiliation. They are even ignorant and arrogant enough to think they can rule the world. This we hear is their newest, latest exciting plan. And poor little Bobby has made this statement, which also got into the papers, of which we have copies we plan to use And we quote now exactly, --- we are a young group, and we will take over America, and then the world. And signed. And here is his very latest brillian statement, -- exact quotation. The newspaper caption reads, --

HERE IS GENERAL'S LATEST _ JUSTE --

"If this administration is not successful, the country will not be successful, - there will be nothing left of this country in 1964, if this administration is not successful." and of quote. This from the Examiner. and signed, -- Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy.

How is that for a masterniece. We, many of us have I2 year old sons who could do better. And see a doing a picture for this queer litt runt? with Kennedy money of course. Also did you know that recently this same little Bobby when he was discussing heavy, weighty problems of State With Dep. Atty. Gen. Byron (ihizzer) white, they played touch football While they talked, a little later three of his older children dropped in for a gle of milk. Later, when this same little Bobby had a meeting with an important British Diplomet, -- all ceven of his children came in and had milk and sat and listened. In every picture of him we have ever seen his mouth hangs wide open, -- this used to be a sure sign of an imbecile. Some of the things he says surely point in that direction. And here is another newspaper clipping regarding him just received. This ignorant, arrogant, asinine Kennedy tribe, have been giving huge cocktail parties, countless in number, and when they, -- the Kennedys, - all of them have had just a little too muc become very mellow, - and talkative, - and confidential, -- and have been giving out to all these wild crowds, secret information regarding our Government that they should not even know, - and if they did should consider a sacred trust. And who but poor little Bobby - the poor little big shot our Atty. Gen. -- remember? -- could have been guilty of such a betrayal. America means nothing at all to the Kennedys. It is the Kennedys first always A very close knit clan, with much loud handclapping for each other. See me, is their slogan, they do not wait to be invited, they just come out and dance for free. Now they are talking of plans to become the richest family in the world. Old Joe got the idea from Hitler with whom he was so chummy, -- While he was Ambassador to England, -- and at that time the right hand man of Roosevelt. It is being reported everywhere how, that old Joe is very busy buying up all old factories, -- across the nation, -- to use later for war supplies and ammunition, -- so that when Jack declares a war, Which they are now cooking, -- all the Kennedy factories will of course at once go into hi gear, -- and get adl the orders from the Government thru Jack, naturally, -- That could be easier? That is the plan and we have all the details, and will use them. And this is the new frontier. -- tho bountiful new America. This is -- your -- America The poor unfortunate Kennedys -- power crunk and money mad. They are cheap and dis gustingly common, with no background, -- if you age the pictures in the Look --- Am ---- Alexander of Paris Conference P.

Chis little puppet you plan to glorify as a P T Hero, -- in every public appearance -- if you will read carefully between the lines, -- is admitting to himself mentally that he knows he does not belong where he is and how dishonest and crooked he had to be to get there. He has three generations of hi jacking, rigging experts behind him, - he doesn't know any other way. He learned all he knows about politics -- his Mother says, at the knee of her father, - (Old Honey Fitz) Fitzgerald, who ran for the Se a few years ago, -- rigged his election and went gaily pussyfooting in to take his Senate seat in April, - and in October of the same year, - was kicked out by the Senate, - because they had discovered all the crooked the he had done, - and called his election fradulent. And the man he defeated took his place. All of this in detail appeared in the Examiner, in the Fulton Lewis Jr. Column, recently. We all know that the convention out here last July was rigged, -- and it cost his father three million dollars to do it which was announced over T. V. He then gave his son Jack fifty million dollars with which to buy the white House, -- that is our white House, and we will get it back. Even Harry Truman said that the convention was rigged, and would not appear. Added to this, Old Joe himself has been in so many shady, crooked deals, he doesn't dare to come out into the lime lite. And we have detailed information on all of them. He began as perhayou know, - as a rum runner in prohibition days.

Jack Kennedy, this big P'T Hero, is a rich man's son, -- a play boy, the has played all his life. He has never done anything constructive, or earned a dollar in his life. It cost his father thousands of dollars to bu him a seat in the Serate, another toy he that he wanted, : but he didn't. Plike it for long. Being so easily bored he was absent 80% of the time. He had so many women on the outside to take of, and Senate matters were ti some. He has had millions to spend all his life, -- and that is all he has Now he has his sticky fingers in a much bigger pot. Level headed, down to earth successful business men of big affairs , - are saying he will ruin u in a year. Just read for yourself how many billion he has already decide to take from our treasury and give away. What is money to him, no matter whom it might belong. . Our ship of State is in highly turbulent waters. The hand writing on the wall is now so plain, that he who runs can read. Fulton Lewis Jr, announced recently that the White House to Jack was just another sporting adventure. A rich little play boy with a new whim .--What will it be next, when he tires of this?? How would it be for him to to be King of England. We are in the hands of professional crooks. He ha to buy the Negro vote, and has given them promises he can never keep. And niggers know how to use knives. He had to buy the gangster vote and promithem a pipe line. But little Bobby is now declaring war on orime. His cl est pals are Frank Sinetra and Sammy Davis Jr., a negro, to whom it is bei rumored he has promised that his first child shall be born in the White Ho . His sister went to Sammy's wedding and kissed him so many times, you may recall: -- Era: Peter Lawford who lives out here in Santa Monica.

He has been in office two months, - in that short time he and little Bobby have split the Democratic Party in New York, - has walked into

has created such discontent within his own ranks, -- that three of his cabin members are now quietly preparing to resign. (This is VERY CONFIDENTIAL.) What sort of bombshell will that throw into the camp? And when it does ex-

plode, you and your picture will blow up right along with it.

And here is a rumor right out ag of Washington, - right out of the feed box. This little arrogant, bigoted, power drunk runt, who is posing now as Atty. Gen. 11 he can find time out from playing touch foot ball, - is being . reported by way of the grapevine, -- will soon he offering men with lots of money, -, a slice of America. Both you and will of course have a chance given you to sit in on this mad scheme, details we cannot yet disclose. He ha made the statement so many times now, - that he will direct his group to take us over, that he must think he can. This poor nathetic little boy will pro ably be saying next that he will cut you and and in for free, -- because you are making the pictures, and both of you are top names. We do not know What if anything he has offered you as bait, -- but we do know you should not touch it. And there is much speculation going on about it. we have never had anything like this to represent us in the White House before When old Joe arrived here steerage, - and couldn't find work because all the ads read, -- "No Irish and only protestants need apply," -- he made a vow to lick America and make it bow low before him. He has nursed that festering sore for 45 years, -- he hates America but was dishonest enough to remain here and make a fortune. He has constantly presched to his children nine of them that the Kennedys were the only important family in the world He has: pathetic little monkeys of all of them, -- and America ridiculous in the eye of all the world, and we are now on the firing line filled with resentment.

, and want to save you if we can, but Tie are all interested in you and have to remain annonymous, because of threatening letters.

you when we began this letter it was to be just one page, -- but as women ' know continued to come in and learned what we were doing, all of them have said well I have a message for Jack too. So from our files everyone has out what they that you should know. And many of us have written excerpts. So of us do not type very well, but we are not even apologizing, -- it is the message that is important, and the message is -- please do not get tangled with the Kennedys. So many of us know you both so well. We have ten thouse clubs now in California alone .. We have scores of fine young men and women many still in college, eager to help who work with us every day at certain hours, some are majoring in typing, and we have hundreds of letters to send out, so we know our typing will not look like the masterpieces you send out with a staff of the very finest.

With or without your permission we have decided to send a copy of this -- as we had in mind writing him too, for he is planning to

do a picture also for little Bobby.



MARSHALL FIELD GEORGE HUNTINGTON HARTFORD JOHN R. WANAMAKER FRANK WINFIELD WOOLWORTH

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HON. JOSEPH P. KENNEDY WALLACE O. DLLMAN

SPONSORS

CHAIRMAN

June 1, 1954

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

It gives me great pleasure to extend a most cordial and personal invitation to you to attend the second annual reception and dinner of The Merchandise Mart Hall of Fame, to be held in Chicago atop The Merchandise Mart on June 24. The reception will start at 6:00 p.m. and dinner will be served at 7:30 p.m.

Former President Herbert Hoover has generously accepted our invitation to deliver the principal address on this occasion. At this time the names of those great merchants of the past elected to the Hall of Fame in 1954 will be announced.

A distinguished audience of some 500 civic and business leaders both from Chicago and many other parts of the United States will be on hand to pay honor to the great merchants of America's history and to the merchandising profession itself, which has created our unique system of mass distribution and done so much in building our high standard of living.

The Advisory Committee and I look forward to welcoming you as our guest and hope that you will join us for the Hall of Fame dinher and the attendant ceremonies.

EX-101

Joseph P. Kennedy

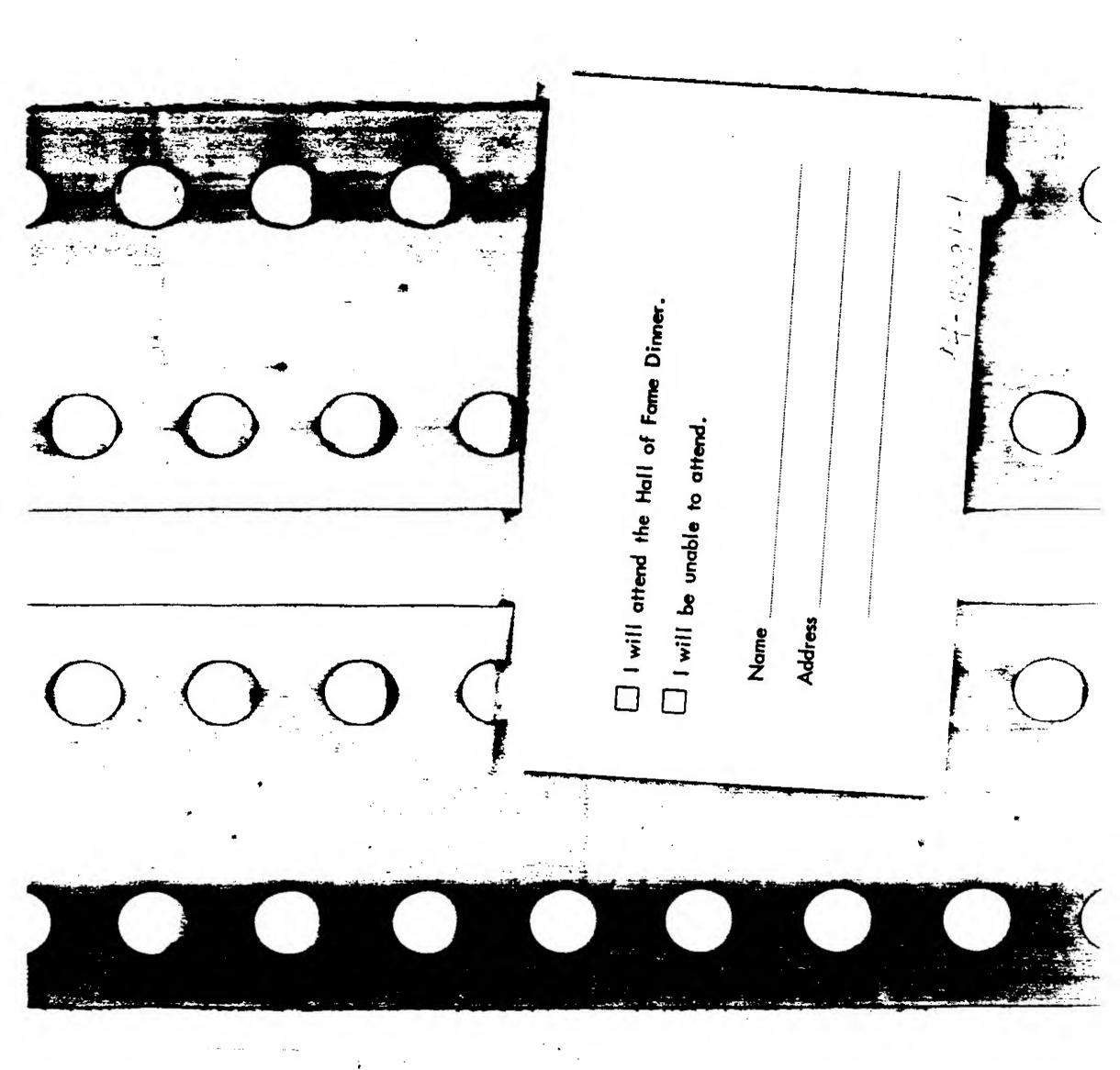
Black Tie

... "DEDICATED TO THE MERCHANTS OF AMERICA"

CHICAGO 54, ILLINOIS U.S.A.

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Person is executed 54 state



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June 8, 1954

PERMIPHEN . 170 94-46679-1

Wheven . 170

Honorable Joseph P. Kennedy
The Merchandise Mart Hall of Jame
Chicago 54, Illinois

Dear Jee:

Your letter of June 1, 1954, with enclosures, has been received.

Thank you very much for inviting me
to attend the second annual reception and dinner
of The Merchandise Mart Hall of Fame at Chicago
on June 24, 1954. It would indeed be a pleasure
to accept if at all possible. Regretfully, however,
I find on checking my schedule that a prior commit—
ment precludes my planning to be with you.

Your thoughtfulness is deeply appreciated, I assure you.

Sincerely yours.

edger

Note: Mr. Kennedy is former Ambassador to England. Salutation per mailing list. One enclosure was a cotomped envelope which is being utilized in reply.

Tolson
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Nichols
Belmont
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Miss Gandy.

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How York, E.

Jenuary 11,

Contents of the 108-page confidential report submitted to president Recovers
by ex-Ambassador Joseph P. Kennedy are revealed in a copyright story in the January M
issue of In Pact, edited by George Seldes.

Suppressed by both the administration and the nation's great newspapers, the report shows four things:

- 1. That England is proceeding rapidly toward fascism on the Basi model.
- 2. That fascism cannot be sold the British people without the enthusiastic cooperation of Minister of Labor Ernest Bevin.
- 5. That the people of England, the working people, are paying for the war while the government makes great concessions to the industrialists, munitions makers, and big business man.
- 4. That the government is not able to protect its people against air raids.

 Seldes says that the report, dated Oct. 10, 1940, was supplied to him by "an unimpeachable government source." The editor adds that the report has been seen by several Washington correspondents and the owner of at least one large newspaper, but its contents have been carefully hushed up.

Entitled "Britain's War Economy at the Opening of the Second Year of the Confliction of the report tells how British labor is getting a temporary breathing spell before the screws are tightened. Kennedy regards the modest wage increases given British workers—increases that have been less than half enough to meet the rising cost of living—as of a dangerous inflationary character. He writes:

There is thus undoubtedly a wide and growing opinion that the Tabor market has still too much liberty to go its own way and that the time has come to bring labor under U.S. DEFARTMENT OF WHITE

dilution (non-union sabor brought into elosed shops), and restrictions in changes of compation and freedom of movement. Yet both trade unions and employers, on the whole are still trying to adapt a francount of paraetime methods to the needs of unr.

"Given this situation, the basis trend is toward a complete state central of the labor market, the pass of this development being determined by the pressure of events. If the government, however, is to tell labor where to go and what to do, it must considering a ceiling on wage advances which are already beginning to undermine what one competent observer calls 'the rickety structure' of war finance.

Mr. Bevin, therefore, despite his desire to rely on the veluntary principle, seems likely to be forced shortly to grasp the nettle of compulsion and to alter his views on wage controls. This means a distribution of labor not according to the market but solely with regard to national need. . together with the acceptance by labor of a taxation or compulsory savings program extending to all but the marginal workers.

The tough problem of persuading the workers to accept the short end of the deal will be capably handled by Bevin, predicts Kennedy. The former ambassador emphasises the wisdom of using a labor leader for this maneuver:

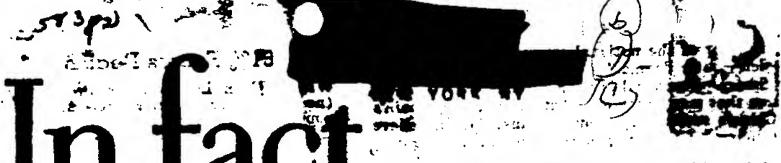
"Mr. Bevin's assession brought about an immediate improvement in the entire set up for mobilising British labor for the war effort.

"Mr. BevinIs two tasks of getting more out of existing war workers and bringing in more workers to expend their efforts have been made much easier because of his trade union associations.

Wr., Bevin has a full realization of the inflationary implications of his current wage policy. He feels, it is claimed, that to obtain the maximum output and free cooperation from labor requires that a transition period of bigger pay envelopes be temporarily tolerated; this policy, however, to be halted in time to prevent successive wage-price rises spiraling into a dangerous inflationary flight."

The protion of the Kennedy report that shows Britain moving closer to fascism says that "any attempt to a chieve a compromise solution between a free economy and total 'Wehrwirtshaft' (war economy), particularly when faced by an enemy who has long since

and is master of its technique, means not only skirting it also foregoing the basis advantages of the old system is benefits of the new."



CRty.

For The Millions Who Want a Free Press George Seldes, Editor. Jan. 13, 1941

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(Na. 18) Vol. II, Na.

The Truth About England! DATE / Kennedy's Report to President Rooseval

THE 108-page confidential report which ex-Ambassader Joseph P. Kennedy submitted to President Roosevelt when he returned from England is in IN FACT'S

possession. We present excerpts from it in this issue.

In Kennedy's eff-the-record interview in the Boston Globe (IN FACT No. 16) he was quoted as saying, "Democracy is finished in England." When he was asked if England was fighting for democracy he replied, "That's the bunk." Some newspapers have interpres in Kennedy's attitude towards efficial British pretensions as the natural hatred of a reactionary Wall Street gambler for a socialist trade union boss like Ernest Bevin, head of the Transport and General Workers, Minister of Labor in the Churchill cabinet. Lately American papers have carried inspired stories of the breakdown of British class distinctions under air bombardment (WAR BRINGS BRITONS TOGETHER: THE CLASSES AND MASSES FIND KINSHIP—NYPost head on AP London dispatch) based on the presence in the War Cabinet of Bevin and other Labor Party leaders.

This is not borne out by Kennedy's confidential report, which reveals:

1) That England is proceeding rapidly toward faccism on the Nazi model, 2) that fascism cannot be sold the British people without the enthusiastic

cooperation of Minister of Labor Ernest Bevin,

3) that the people of England, the working people, are paying for the war while the government makes great concessions to the industrialists, munitions makers, and big business men,

4) that the government is not able to protect its people against air raids.

Report Suppressed by Press and Administration

Kennedy's report, "Britain's War Economy at the Opening of the Second Year of the Conflict," dated London Oct 10 1940, and signed "For the Ambassador" by Herschel V. J. Johnson, counsellor of the Embassy, is supplied by an unimpeachable government source, who has expressed concern to IN FACT about U S developments parallel to those in England reported by Kennedy. IN FACT is informed that several Washington correspondents and the owner of at least one large newspaper have seen this report. "In wartime," says the axiom, "truth is the first easualty."

The State Department has published reports by other U S diplomats. William Bullitt, with State Department sanction, gave a speech in Philadelphia blaming the French collapse on labor legislation. Col William Donovan's report, which applied the term "fifth column" to French labor unions, was syndicated in

most newspapers with an introduction by Sec'y of Navy Frank Knox.

Kennedy's report has not been made public.

British Trend Toward Fascism

Kennedy's description of British democracy in wartime begins: "The outstanding lesson revealed by the evolution of Britain's war economy to date is that any attempt to achieve a compromise solution between a free economy and total 'Wehrwirtshaft' (war economy), particularly when faced by an enemy wi has long since made the full transformation and is master of its technique, means not only skirting the very edge of disaster, but also foregoing the basic advantages of the old system without reaping the essential benefits of the new.

"This does not mean that there must be a slavish imitation of German practices, although much of what Britain has done has been necessarily in conformity with the same pattern, and even more of Marshal Goering's machinery, with suitable minor alterations, could have been copied to advantage in the past 18

months.

"Thus this island must try, at least, to operate a total war economy so that at the finishing line it will not be reduced to such a state of exhaustion and depletion of resources as might cause a collapse of the whole machinery of state, leaving the re-planning of the national life to the chaos and evolution of civil strife."

Kennedy's Gloomy View of the Future

Kennedy, whose bias against labor and progressive movements is well known. hopes Britain will come to fascism without "civil strife." He recognises, how-

Tobacco Shortens Life

MOKING shortens life. Between the res of 30 and 60, 61% more heavy mokers die than non-smokers. A humen being's span of life is impaired in direct proportion to the amount of tobacco he uses, but the impairment among even light smokers is "measurable and signi-Scant."

The facts for the foregoing statements come from Johns Hopkins University. department of biology. They constitute one of the most important and incidentally one of the most sensational stories in recent American history, but there is not a newspaper er magazine in America (outside scientific journals) which has published all the facts.

The mention by Secretary Ickes of the suppression of this story resulted in one of the major scandals of American journalism. Many prominent newspapers which had suppressed the story published false statements and refused to print

corrections,

Here are the facts.

"Make Users' Flesh Creep"

FOR generations there have been arguments about tobacco. Moralists preached against cigarets. Scientists differed. But in Feb 1988 Dr. Raymond Pearl, head biologist, Johns Hopkins, gave the New York Academy of Medicine the scientific result of a study of the life histories of some 7,000 Johns Hopkins cases which for newspapers, should have constitut a story "to scare the life out of tobal manufacturers and make the toball users' flesh creep," as Time commen (March 7 1988).

The Associated Press, United Page and special correspondents of New Years papers heard Dr. Pearl tell the ste But a paragraph or two buried under important matter, in one or two papers was all the great free press of America cared to make known to its readers, consumers of 200,000,000,000 cigarets &

Science News Letter (March 12 19 p. 163) had this to say:

"Belowhets can tell you whether or not greed men are marked for early death.
"They can do this while these men are to good bealth, years before the first appears to good bealth. not of any signs of the disease that will ove

"The studies which make this possible were reported publicly for the first time by Dr. Baymond Pearl. . . . Tobacco smokers do not live as long as non-makers. This conclusion was based on life tables for the number and of the house. tables for the number, out of 100,000 nea-ening men, 100,000 mederate emekers (men) 100,000 heavy amekers (men) who were 100,000 heavy ameliars (men) who were still alive at each age level after 30 years. At age 60, for example, 66,564 of the 100,000 mensurekers were still living, 61,911 of the moderate ameliars were living, and 46,536 of the 100,000 heavy ameliars were still living.

"The studies show that ameliang is associated with a definite impairment of languisty. This impairment is proportional to the labitual amount of telesce usage by ameliag, being great for heavy ameliars and less for moderate ameliars, but even in the latter, satisfant to be measurable and significant."

monstrable and significant."

But, he says, Britain's cheach of survival is to make itself over in the many's image. He does not mention that many people in Britain, recalling Spain's long resistance to fascism and China's successful defense against Japan, believe that England can only regist Germany by becoming more democratic.

Exportation First, Then Commands

In the first stage of the war, says Kennedy, Britain continued its leisurely course of rearmament. The aircraft industry made great profits but few airplanes. "Thus the economic results achieved during the second stage (before the fall of France) were reached almost entirely by the old methods pushed to top tempe by means of exhortation and appeal rather than by command. Production was raised by speed-up and overtime. The same men and women were simply bagged to do more. Werking hours were extended to 70 and 80 a week. Holidays were eliminated."

As might have been predicted from the last war, an 80-hour week was less

efficient than it sounded.

"By the middle of September, therefore, the principle of 'forced draught' on the labor front had been largely abandoned for a return to less fatiguing working hours . . . and a further diversion of civilian production equipment to war purposes was being actively put in hand and combined with a very considerable increase in new plant facilities."

This third stage Kennedy describes as: "that of long term planning forced by State flat to maximize this country's industrial effort in accord with the prin-

ciple of totalitarian Wehrwirtschaft."

He reports regretfully that in October the "warrior's standard for everyene," to be attained through "planned curtailment of non-war consumption by means of drastic taxation, rationing and prohibitions brought to bear on all strata of British society, is still in the blue-print stage."

The first few steps have already been taken, and with Tory arrogance Kennedy hails the "miracle of miracles, an approach to a more sensible dist for

the masses."

"What it (the German Luftwaffe) has done, up to now, has been to slow up war production in general by about 20%, create serious damage to property and to the underlying contractual edifics, and to raise urgent problems of housing. feeding, transport and the maintenance of the health and morale of the population, particularly of the 8,000,000 workers in the Thames Valley, which accounts for perhaps one-fifth of Britain's production capacity. . . . "

Kennedy reports that some sections of British industry are reluctant to accept the temporary sacrifices involved in a totalitarian program. Industrialists hesitate to expand for fear of being left with excess capacity after the war (an argument which U S industry has used to get the government to pay for its plant expansion) and he observes that the war boom has further strengthened

monopoly by denying orders to small plants.

Selling the New Order to the Public

The sacrifices required of industry (limitation of raw materials, production priorities) are nothing compared to the sacrifices required of labor. The principal section of Kennedy's report deals with the impact of the "new order" on

"There is thus undoubtedly a wide and growing opinion that the labor marhet has still too much liberty to go its own way and that the time has come to bring labor under further compulsion. Labor has already accepted long working hours, required registration, dilution (non-union labor brought into closed shops), and restrictions in changes of occupation and freedom of movement. Yet both trade unions and employers, on the whole, are still trying to adapt a framework of peacetime methods to the needs of war.

"Given this situation, the basic trend is toward a complete State control of the labor market, the pace of this development being determined by the pressure of events. If the Government, however, is to tell labor where to go and what to do, it must consider placing a ceiling on wage advances which are already beginming to undermine what one competent observer calls 'the rickety structure' of

war finance.

"Mr. Bevin, therefore, despite his desire to rely on the voluntary principle seems likely to be forced shortly to grasp the nettle of compulsion and to alter his views on wage controls. This means a distribution of labor not according to the market but solely with regard to national need . . . together with the acceptance by labor of a taxation or compulsory savings program extending to all but the marginal workers."

Taking Gains Back from Labor

Kennedy believes that Bevin has the hardest job in the government, though

Bevin himself may not know it:

"He (Bevin), however, in his anxiety to avoid 'monkeying with the worker's pennies' has up to now failed to realize the serious inflationary implications of his present wage policy of almost unrestricted advances in labor's pay envelope."

Here Kennedy exaggerates. Largely because of overtime pay, British wages have gone up 10% since the start of war. In the same period living costs have

81% Excess Deaths

WRITING in La Pollette's Progressive (no advertising taken) Francis A. Porter popularized Dr. Pearl's tables as follows:

Peaths from age 80 to 66 among: per 100,000 per 100 1. Non-smokers Moderate Percentage of excess deaths: Moderate smokers....14 per cent

Alcohol versus Tobacco

WRITING on the subject of longevity in Scientific Monthly (May 1928) Dr. Pearl said of the use of alcohol:

The problem of the effect of such mage upon longevity has excited violent and unreasoning prejudice on the part of large numbers of people. They contend that alcohol always and everywhere shortens the life of its meers. There is much evidence, experimental, statistical and actuarial, that this is not a universally valid generalization." Dr. Pearl had previously studied the use of alcohol. He now concluded: "Moderate drinking does not significantly shorten life when compared with total abstention from alcohol. while heavy drinking does seriously diminish the length of life." This too would have been a big story for any newspaper which had the courage to publish anything about such matters.

Of tobacco, Dr. Pearl explains how he picked his 7,000 cases, and concludes:

"These are not large numbers from an actuarial point of view but are sufficient to be probably indicative of the trends that would be shown by more ample material. Naturally the men included in the observation were an unselected lot except as to their tobacco habits. That is to say they were taken at random and then all sorted into categories relative to tobacco usage." The result of the study is summed up in Dr. Pearl's life and death table, which follows:

Death rate (1000 q.), at 5 year intervals, starting at age 80; % (s) non-users of tobacco; (b) moderate smokers who did not chew tobacco or take anuff; (e) heavy smokers who did not chew tobacco or take mail.

Age	Man, Phone	Mederate Smekers	Hes Ty
30			
	5.18	7.86	16.89
3 5	8.78	9.68	21.27
40	. 10.01	11.89	23.91
45	12.04	14.80	25.69
50	15.16	18.61	27.49
55	19.82	28.67	80.09
60	26.78	80.40	84.29
65	\$6.88	89.83	41.20
70	51.69	52.84	52.72
75	78.02	71.28	72.33
80	108.22	97.95	100.44
85	142.78	136.50	139.48
90	197.49	190.23	193.68
95	278.2	265.1	268.9

"The net result is obvious. In this group of nearly 7,000 men, the smoking of tobacco was associated definitely with an impairment of life duration and the amount or degree of this impairment increased as the habitual amount of smoking increased. The contrast between the life tables relative to the implied effect upon longevity of moderate smoking on the one hand and the moderate use of alcoholic beverages on the other hand is very striking. The moderate smokers in this material are definitely shorter lived than the total abstainers from tobacco; the moderate drinkers are not significantly worse or better off in respect of

583 Q2

'IN FAC'1" BECOMES A WEEKLY

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT TO SUBSCRIBERS

IN FACT is a success.

When we discussed the idea of a newsletter aimed to tell the truth and to counteract the poison of the commercial press, we knew that all the confidential newsletters, which charge \$18 to \$25 a year, reach a total of about 40,000 persons. We had no intention of making a needs. Figuring down to thousandths of a cent, we knew that 90,000 embecriptions would pay for the venture, and so, in the wildest flight of utopian hopes, we set 100,000 as our goal by 1941.

To our almost unbelieving eyes, the subscriptions began solling In, 100 to 1,400 a day. On Jan 1 1941 we had exactly \$1,400

subscriptions.

OUR 1941 GOAL: 250,000

Our success has proved that there is even a greater, since our and more intense desire to know the facts than public on

The great success to date justifies the announcement of a weekly IN FACT beginning March, when the first trial subscriptions expire. I am now certain we will reach a quarter of a million in 1941. When that is done you and I will be well started on the road to a great free independent daily newspaper, owned and edited by its readers.

Naturally, the success of IN FACT has started certain enemies of truth and enlightenment on a whispering campaign. I have been emeared by a monthly paper, a radio newscaster, and a bookwriter who said I "claimed" 30,000 subscriptions. He could have learned the facts for a 54 phone call. The most pernicious falsehood of the whisperers was that IN FACT must be "subsidized by foreign gold," for otherwise the postage would eat up the price of the subscription.

The truth is that IN FACT is subsidized by our best friend: Uncle Sam. A law almost a century old makes it possible to mail IN FACT second class at 41/4 a pound, regardless of distance. Distribution costs us practically nothing. Otherwise we would cease to exist or charge you \$5 a year.

WHAT ARE OUR POLICIES?

Thousands of friends (and a few enemies) have written in asking what IN FACT'S policy was on the war, peace movements, Hitler, Britain, Russia, Greece, conscription, taxes, Willkie, Roosevelt, etc.

On all these subjects IN FACT has no policy.

It is interested in only one thing, as originally stated in its prospectus: to let the facts speak for themselves, as Euripides first proclaimed.

But I know there are millions of perverted or suppressed facts, which should be righted and printed.

I have therefore tried to give those facts which are most important, and which the general press for some reason suppresses, distorts,

misheadlines or manhandles.

For example: Mr. Willkie makes a speech of purely Fascist intent so the National Press Club (or Mr. Willkie participates in a meeting directed by Lamont of Morgan & Co.). Even the anti-Willkie press will not publish these facts or emphasize their significance. Therefore this is an important story for IN FACT. Unfortunately certain readers leap to the conclusion that IN FACT supports Roosevelt because it exposes Willkie.

Again, the press generally supports Britain. Every newsp attacks Hitler. IN FACT bates Hitler perhaps more honestly and intensely than many loud anti-Hitler shouters of today. But the press refuses to publish the truth about the Cliveden Set, the Fascists and Hitlerites still controlling Britain, British imperialism, India, the real labor situation in England, etc., etc. Therefore IN FACT finds this an important story. It refuses, however, to listen to slanderers who accuse it of pro-Hitlerism, or an anti-British point of view.

"DESTRUCTIVE CRITICISM"

To another score of readers, mostly friends, who have written asking for "constructive" news, less "destructive criticism," all I can say is that I aim to present only facts for intelligent people. I hope they will use many facts for destroying sham, buncombe and the conventional lies of our civilization; I hope they will use other facts for building a better world, for carrying on that greatest of all suggestions in the Constitution of the United States: the general welfare of the American people.

Facts can do these things. Facts become constructive or "destructine" only when put into use. My only object is to supply the most useful facts. And, as I mid in the first prospectus: "IN FACT is in favor of every idea, movement, and organization that is for what we careleasly call liberalism, democracy, progress, but it intends to how up the frauds behind these words." Naturally IN FACT is pos-labor, organized and unorganized, and prefers to see this country m by and for the benefit of the majority rather than the 13 families shown by the TNEC to be in control of most everything today.

WHAT YOU CAN DO ABOUT IT

IN FACT'S success is due to two things: the American desire for a free press; the volunteer work of an army of about 5,000 persons who have obtained from 4 to 200 subscriptions each.

A commercial publication, or even an independent publication selling for \$5 a year, can pay commissions and therefore command its soldiers. IN FACT cannot afford one cent. It is in effect a nonprofit making institution; it is understood that profits (if any) shall be turned into cheap pamphlets, cheap books, until such time as a daily paper is possible. We do pay union wages to our office staff. We want to pay \$2 a week above minimums this year. Everyone who works for IN FACT deserves more.

As a weekly IN FACT will more than double its effectiveness. It will be based more closely on the news, will counteract false headlines, tell what is back of them, why you are the victim of a press which is the main instrument of making public opinion and which, when a strike is broken, a public welfare measure defeated, an act of injustice committed, hypocritically declares "public opinion

triumphs."

We have decided not to raise the price per issue of IN FACT. But we must never fall below 100,000 to break even, and we must have 250,000 to become an effective weekly. And since you and I both want a free press, I think I have the right to call on the 5,000 who have worked without pay, and the 90,000 others who have received IN FACT at practically the cost of production, to do something to make the weekly an even greater success than the fortnightly. Let me be specific.

1. Tell everyone about IN FACT. Use IN FACT. Propose a

subscription to every intelligent person you know.

2. Renew your subscription now, today. Please do this no matter what date your subscription expires. Everything depends on

3. Ask one or more persons to join you in subscribing or renewing, and send a check or a money order instead of coins. Carry a subscription blank with you always.

APPEAL TO WINTER SOLDIERS

In the hard winter of Valley Forge the great Tom Paine noted that there were many summer soldiers and sunshine patriots who stood by Washington until the frost and snow came. Since I cannot expect all our 95,448 readers to be winter soldiers, I have to appeal to the real free press patriots to get not one, but four, and forty, and more subscriptions for the weekly IN FACT in 1941.

I hope you will now subscribe by the year, at 50 cents. Actually

this is lower than the introductory price.

Continue to send your letters of information, suggestions, and criticism; and please forgive me if I cannot answer everyone. I have to choose between working for IN FACT or answering letters. I feel that all the letter writers (except a few dozen of the redbaiting or lunatic fringe) are cooperating with me in this enterprise. I hope you feel that we are doing this job for a free press together.

I have been in journalism 32 years come February. I have never been so optimistic about a free press as today. If you make a success of the weekly IN FACT this year you will not only assure an eventual free daily newspaper, but you will challenge the entire commercial,

unfair press of the nation.

Jenge Selles

1/4 million circulation AS A WEEKLY

AS A WEEKLY BY JANUARY, 1942

The job is big... but not bigger than America. It can be done. By you... me... by 100,000 In Fact readers. By the millions who want a free press.

Here is what is to be done now. Not next week or the week after ... but now. Renew your subscription immediately for one year of the weekly In Fact (52 issues) at 50 cents. Whether your subscription expires this March, April, May or next January. . . . Renew now! It will mean greater financial stability for In Fact. It will mean that you believe in In Fact today and tomorrow.

The job is big . . . but it can be done.

Flere's How

On March 10th, when we first appear as a weekly, we expect to have a minimum of 35,000 new subscribers, which will bring the total up to 130,000. Nearly everyone will subscribe if In Fact is brought to his attention. Every friend . . . everyone you know, should be reading In Fact.

In Fact's special offer to you, good until March 1st only: send us at one time, 15 one-year subscriptions (new readers only) at 50 cents, or 30 special introductory offer subscriptions (20 issues) at 25 cents, and we will mail you FREE an autographed copy of the regular \$2.75 edition of FREEDOM OF THE PRESS by George Seldes. But remember . . . this offer is good only if the 15 or 30 subscriptions are sent in at one time.

Here's How

Start a chain letter. Send us a postal card for the In Fact mailing "pack." We'll send you three sample copies of In Fact and three copies of the George Seldes statement. Mail one of each to three friends plus a personal letter urging them to subscribe to In Fact and suggesting they continue the chain letter. If one out of every ten subscribers will cooperate, In Fact can reach 30,000 potential subscribers every month.

Get In Fact around. Are you a member of a union, farm organization, church, peace group, high school, college, fraternal order, etc.? Then get In Fact around. Arrange for permission to distribute sample copies of In Fact and the George Seldes statement to the members of your particular organization. The bigger the distribution the faster we reach that quarter million. Drop us a line and we will send you as much of the material for distribution as you can effectively use.

RENEW NOW >

FOR NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS WRITE OUT NAMES AND ADDRESSES ON SHEET OF PAPER AND INDICATE IF THEY ARE ONE-YEAR OR SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER SUBS.

HALF A DOLLAR!

We don't want to be degrantle and insist on our way of mailing four bits. There are as many ways of mailing coins as there are subscribers. Here are the eight most popular methods; we the one that suits your brand, of, personality.

2. Pince two quarters or five Thurs between two pieces of light cardboard and hometitch together. This is effective but a plain etitch will do as well. Or yes may use give or affective tope to held the two pieces of cardboard inguither.

2. We would like to seed you a coin eard, but it's too expensive. If you have one lying round from the bank or telephone company, use it.

S. Maho out a monor order.

4. If you're furturate enough to have a checking accept (with a balance) and we a check.

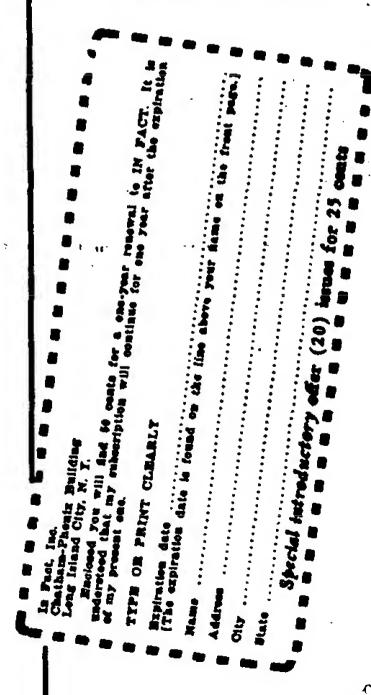
S. Wrap Sve dimes or two quarters in falds of nowspapers (if you still read them).

6. Got another person to subscribe for a year and send the subscription—give year renewal and one deliar.

T. Got three people to substribe for a year and send their substriptions—plus two deliars.

6. Don't place coin in sterlined estten, eighrette paper, eighrette tobaccopouches or eight bases. Simply wrap the soin in heavy wrapping paper. It's much better.

If zone of the above methods suits your personality, use one of your own cross-tion. But—renew your subscription MOW.



American Peace Mobilization (IN Ms. id). Herbert Morrison, Home Bocurity Minister, has "reserved the state to crack down on it.

The reason for one of the Companions towards, for adequate air-raid shellows in touched on in Kennedy's state.

"The multiplicity of local authorities that her with the lack of any central control empowered to act immediately and the direct an adequate program of shelters, factory warnings, feeding, bousing and transportation of weekees in dangerous areas and of evacuating and properly earling for their families has in the past weeks resulted in a situation which threatened to hamper output for the war effort to a serious degree. Parliamentary and press clamor and the very visible results of the failure to propare for intensified air attacks have now led to the initiation of the most argent stops. The necessary organizational effort, relief and protective measures, however, are only beginning to be put into effect upon the scale required, and the stops taken are at best but partial substitutes for the doup shelters which would have been the most antisfactory answer to the continuous nightly air raids. The provision of anywhere near the necessary menber of deep shelters would, however, divert too much material and Mier from the armament front, and, in any event, they sould not be prepared he simplifor errent needs of the immediate future."

Rennedy's "Anti-Wer" Position

Since Kennedy's return to the U S he has joined forces with business men identified with the America First and No-Fereign-War committees, who believe that the interests of U S business will be best served by a collapse of the British

Empire. The reasons for this stand are explained in his report:

"Whatever the effects of the war may be upon the share-out of the nation's wealth, Britain at the end of a successful conflict seems likely to have # welldisciplined labor force with a large skilled reserve and a trade union movement, trained in the stern realities of economics and actively participating in government. With an industrial plant in which much of the waste, much of the antiquated procedures and much excess baggage will be aloughed off, British labor may well be in a position to give any overseas competitors a run for their money

Ambassador Kennedy, Fascist

President Roosevelt admitted to representatives of the Youth Congress (IN FACT, No. 4) that he had made a mistake in his policy regarding Spain, which permitted the Fascists to kill one of the really true democracies of our time.

FDR's actions were based on advice of the native fescists in our State Department, who/in turn were advised by Ambassadors Kennedy in London and Bullitt in Payls. Numerous other American diplomats reported the truth about Spain, which was disregarded.

Just as Lord Lothian and Lord Halifax were largely responsible for British aid to Franco, so Kennedy was largely responsible for the American policy

which helped assessinate the Spanish republic,

Kennedy Exposed as Appeaser:

Even before the war broks out Kennedy, was known as an intimate of the Cliveden Set, a politician who played the game of appearing Hitler. Said The Week (fearless British newsletter, new befuned for America):

"Mr. Kennedy (in) well known . . . on an appearer of the first water. He was the rinsipal applopint for Mr. Chamberlain in Washington, and at the same time was known to a informing Mr. Chamberlain that in reality American opinion—corious American opinion—

informing Mr. Chamberiain that in reality American spinion—serious American opinion—for from being heatile to Munichism, was really supporting M...

"Mr. Memody, whose relations with certain representatives of General France were made knowledge, played a particularly important part in the politics of non-intervention, if was actively engaged in supporting from his strategically very strong position the policy that resulted in the great break-through of the Axis to Spain.

"Me has ... goes to the length of informing members of the British Government that by has a worry about anything that Mr. Becoveit, may my for the reason that "1) It will be my friends that are in the White-Hopes in 1946,"

"B) 'Essecvoit is run by the Jows and all the anti-fallist sentiment in the U S is runly said by the Jows, who central the press."

evented by the Jews, who control the press."

". . There have in fact been several occasions . . . on which the opinions of the American Ambassador have been not morely quoted but decisively used at British cabinat meetings, when the suggestion has been made that the continued signs of appearament, and above all the Federation of British Industries agreement with the German Government, are producing a disastrous effect upon the other side of the Atlantic." (The Week May 17, 1928.)

Kennedy boasted to Walter Winchell that he introduced Lindbergh to Chamberlain, and Lindbergh scared the old gentleman out of his wits with his talk of the invincibility of the Nazi air force. Chamberlain stepped into an airplane for the first time a few weeks later, and flew to Berchteegaden.

Lindbergh was accused of being in league with the Clivedeners. He denied it; Lady Aster denied it; Lord Lothian issued a statement saying that the Cliveden Set was an invention of the Reds; the Astors proved by the calendar that the day Lindbergh was supposed to be at Cliveden the house was shut.

This was a technicality. Lindbergh dined with the Clivedeners in London. The term Cliveden Set refers to all the British politicians, newspaper lords, and business men who favored Hitler, Mussolinf and Franco, profits rather than human rights. Lindbergh moved in this set, and influenced the Cliveden mind.

In America Kennedy has held big jobs. He was head of the SEC but kept on good terms with his friends in Wall Street. He was chairman of the Maritime Commission, handed out great subsidies to shipowners and advocated martial law for maritime labor. The CIO Maritime Committee branded Kennedy as an enemy of labor.

natistic fambahali

a debate, "De We Have a Proc white day 16 1600 the present editor the less decumentary evidence prov-g that we do not that a free press. In a debate Mr. lekes easily bested Frank Gamett, chain newspaper owner. During the question puring nemecus asked We suppression and examples of m Mr. Ickes mentioned some casually, add-"I understand that at Johns Hopkins University there is a very stanctional hiding resulting from the study of the effect of cigaret spoking that has not appeared, so far as I know, in any news-aper in the United States. I wonder M that is because the tobecoo companies are such large adverticers.

The statement was correct. Research d proved that although the AP, UP and IMS had sent the story to every paper in America, although New York science reporters were greent and although ant to aumorous big papers, 98% of the big city press, the press which takes the cigaret advertising, suppressed the

ettry-perhaps even 99 44/100. But because Mr. Ickes had said "in any newspaper" the same press which had suppressed the story, threw a journalistic hombinell. It attacked and smeared Mr. lekes, if light outright and printed halflies which are harder to nail, it distorted and faked the news, published untrue aditorials, and presented to America the spectacle of as corrupt a press as that usually charged to Pascist nations.

Pocumentation

THE tobace story, to be exact, appeared in some country papers, one or two big city papers. Here is what happened in the great free press metropolis of New York:

Hereld Tabune totally suppressed

News Mirror Post Journal-American "

World-Teligram carried few lines

The World-Telegram and the Times carried a % and % column story respectively, dealing first with the effect on long life of hard work and alcohol, then, at the end of the story, tobacco. Here is all the Times had to say on page 19, col. 1, bottom:

Professor Pearl also presented the first life tables ever constituted to show relation between tobacco and longevity. The tables showed, he said, 'that smoking is associated with a definite impairment of longevity.

tional to the habitual amount of tobacco usage in smoking, being great for the heavy smokers and less for moderate smokers. But even in the case of the moderate smoker, he said, the impairment in longevity is sufficient to be measurable and significant."

The tables had been seen by the press. The leading authority in America, if not in the world, had made a great discovery and presented the first scientific study in a controversial matter in which some 50,000,000 Americans consuming 200,000,-900,000 cigarets were interested, and 75% of the New York press suppressed the story, 25% half-suppressed it, 100% of the press manhandled it.

[Editor's Note: The tobacco story will

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be concluded in next issue.]

longevity then the total at alcohol. Heavy instrigence with a very poor life table, but the life table for heavy smokers is definitely works than that for heavy drinbers.

Other Scientific Evidence

IN 1927 the present editor of IN FACT, then representing the Chicago Tribune in Berlin, went to Prof. Dr. Johann Pleach, beed of the medical school of the Univergity of Berlin, for treatment of melaria. Dr. Pleach suggested cutting down on tobacco. He himself was not an antimicotine fanatic, but he was an authority; he had written a heavy tome on the subject. He named arsenic, prussic acid, ether deadly poisons as present in te-bacco, and laid down this law: manusch as all tobaccos contain poisons, the continned use of certain kinds of eigarets is dangerous. To escape danger to one's health, the tobacco user must continuelly change the kind of tobacco he uses, so that the minute amounts of poisons they contain may not affect him. This does not mean switching from Camels to Old Golds, from Chesterfields to Luckies, as these contain exactly the same tobaccos and the same poisons; it means switching from American tobacco to Turkish or to Greek or South African.

This story was sent to the Chicago Tribune and its newspaper syndicate, but if any paper in America used it, it escaped the eye of the clipping bureaus.

Doctors still argue whether or not smoking is a cause of heart disease. Dr. Frederick Arthur Willius of the Mayo Clinic says it is. With two assistants he studied several thousand cases and concluded that there was three times as much heart disease among 569 smokers aged 40 to 59 as among that many non-smokers.

Dr. Edwin E. Barksdale warns people allergic to arsenic to stop smoking. Farmers surray tobacco plants with arsenate of lead to kill horn worms and apparently there is no way to remove the

poison from the leaves.

Radio Also Suppresses

SOME years ago Lucky Strike's alogan was "Reach for a Lucky instead of a sweet," an appeal to women who wanted to reduce. Authorized by the New York medical association, Dr. Benjamin Jablons prepared a speech in which appeared the lines: "Excessive use of tobacco to kill the appetite is a double-edged sword, for nicotine poisoning and starvation both leave dire results in their train." This statement was consored by the radio stations and press.

How to Save Your Life

MEDICAL authorities differ as to what constitutes heavy, medium and light smoking. Readers should consult their doctors. It is now scientifically established that smoking involves taking into the system not only nicotine and arsenic, but ammonia, pyridine and pyridine derivatives, cyanides and sulpho-cyanides. One authority helds that "it is not the micotine . . . but something much more subtle or poisonous that causes the unfortunate results. Whatever it is, and this is as yet unknown, it is contained in the protein which results from the burning of the cigarets." (Commonweal April 9 1987.)

Most doctors believe that 40 cigarets a day mean heavy smoking, but the most important disclosure by Dr. Pearl was that even light smoking shortens life.

however insignificant, is infurious.

Bevin, according to Kennedy, will set setrain indefinitely from "monkeying

"Here is the political rub, for it means explaining to the broad mass of the people the need for curtailing expenditures just at a time—often the first in many years—when they have a little extra margin in reserve. . . According to a usually reliable source the Minister of Labor, Mr. Bevin, has felt that the workers were entitled to a 4 or 6 months period to be free to do what they wished with

their new or extra war earnings. The time is now shortly approaching, however, when the difficult and unpalatable job of the Churchill-Labor Government must be to tall the workers that there is no way of avoiding serious inflation except through the wage earners being prepared to cut expenditures and to somewhere. With open wage controls 'political poison,' this means in practice the adoption of some sort of direct levy on virtually all incomes or some form of compulsory deferred savings—both accompanied by reliefs, such as family allowances to avoid excessive hardships—or a very much wider extension of rationing and supply prohibitions; possibly a combination of all of these methods."

Kennedy's views on inflation are another indication of a Wall Street training. High prices are not caused by high wages but by a condition of real or artificial scarcity. Inflation is likely in wartime because no belligarent over has

snough munitions and industry one name its own price.

Man After Kennedy's Heart

"Mr. Bevin's accession," says Kennedy, "brought about an immediate improvement in the entire set-up for mobilizing British labor for the war effort. "Mr. Bevin's two tasks of getting more out of existing war workers and bringing in more workers to expand their efforts have been made much easier because of his trade union associations. It is probably his inside knowledge of labor that makes him inclined to use wage policy as a bait rather than as a brake. One of his close associates recently stated, in confidence to the writer, that Mr. Bevin has a full realisation of the inflationary implications of his current wage policy. He feels, it is claimed, that to obtain the maximum output and free cooperation from labor requires that a transition period of bigger pay envelopes be temporarily tolerated; this policy, however, to be halted in time to prevent successive wage-price rises spiraling into a dangerous inflationary flight. Should this really reflect Mr. Bevin's viewpoint, it portrays a deep understanding of labor psychology and also considerable optimism that the brake can be applied at just the right moment with sufficient speed and force."

This hard-headed judgment is interesting because Bevin is pointed out by American friends of Britain to prove that Britain is really a liberal democracy. It is also interesting because of the similarity between Bevin and Sidney Hillman, who is in the same proportion to the National Defense Commission (one to seven) that Bevin is to the British War Cabinet. Many members of organized labor in the U S feel that Hillman's function is "not to represent labor but to manage it" (which Grosvenor Clarkson, director of the Council of National Defense in the last war, said of Hugh Frayne, labor member of the War Industries

Board). Last week the NYJournal of Commerce said of Hillman:

"The key labor post apparently was created as a means of placating labor criticism that it lacked an adequate voice in the country's rearmament and to assure labor support for the program. It was created also to smooth the way for more intense industrial activity in which labor may have to forego for the time being some of its normal prerogatives. Mr. Hillman's chief tasks will be to 1) prevent strikes, chiefly by conciliation, 2) use his good offices to prevent excessive wage demands, and 3) seek to remove obstacles exected by organized labor against the seven-day week."

Bevin Cracks Down

Cables from England bear out most of Kennedy's predictions. The "four to six months period" Kennedy mentions is now over, and Bevin has stopped giving the sort of speeches he gave six months ago, when he said: "The task of rebuilding the world has to be done by the working class." Now he speaks vaguely of taking strong steps against unions: "I should be very reluctant to supersede the authority of the organized employees and unions, but if some people won't hono their agreements or refuse to recognize their own leaders, the State will have to exert its own authority. But if we are driven to imitate any part of the Nax regime in the name of greater efficiency, it is going to be difficult to cut it ou afterwards."

In Parliament Bevin has told Tories who advocated compulsion against labo that they don't understand "the psychology of the British worker." Bevin say

his aim is to be a "leader," not a "dictator."

Peoble's Convention

Workers in Britain have not been complacent in the face of the movement towards fascism, which is concealed from Americans by British consorably. British People's Convention has been called by union officials, Laborites, Socialists, Communists and such English notables as Prof. J. B. S. Haldane, D. Pritt and the Dean of Canterbury, and will meet in Manchester Jan 11. It has been redbaited in the British press and attacked in the House of Common which was the same treatment given the Chicago meeting last September of the



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Commiss factifications

Literatural flations

British Loan Bar to Communism, Kennedy Says

Joseph Pr. Konnedy, former U. S. Ambassador to Great Britin, thinks the U. S. should make Great Britain an "outright gift" of the proposed \$3,750,000,000 erodit because "the British people and their way of life form the last barrier in Europe against Communism

We must help them held that line, the notorious American Firster told the New York Times in ruply to an inquiry. In the name of "enlighted self-interest," he said the II. must help the British new maintain the balance of watrade, and world salvation is otherwise they be driven two arms of communism.

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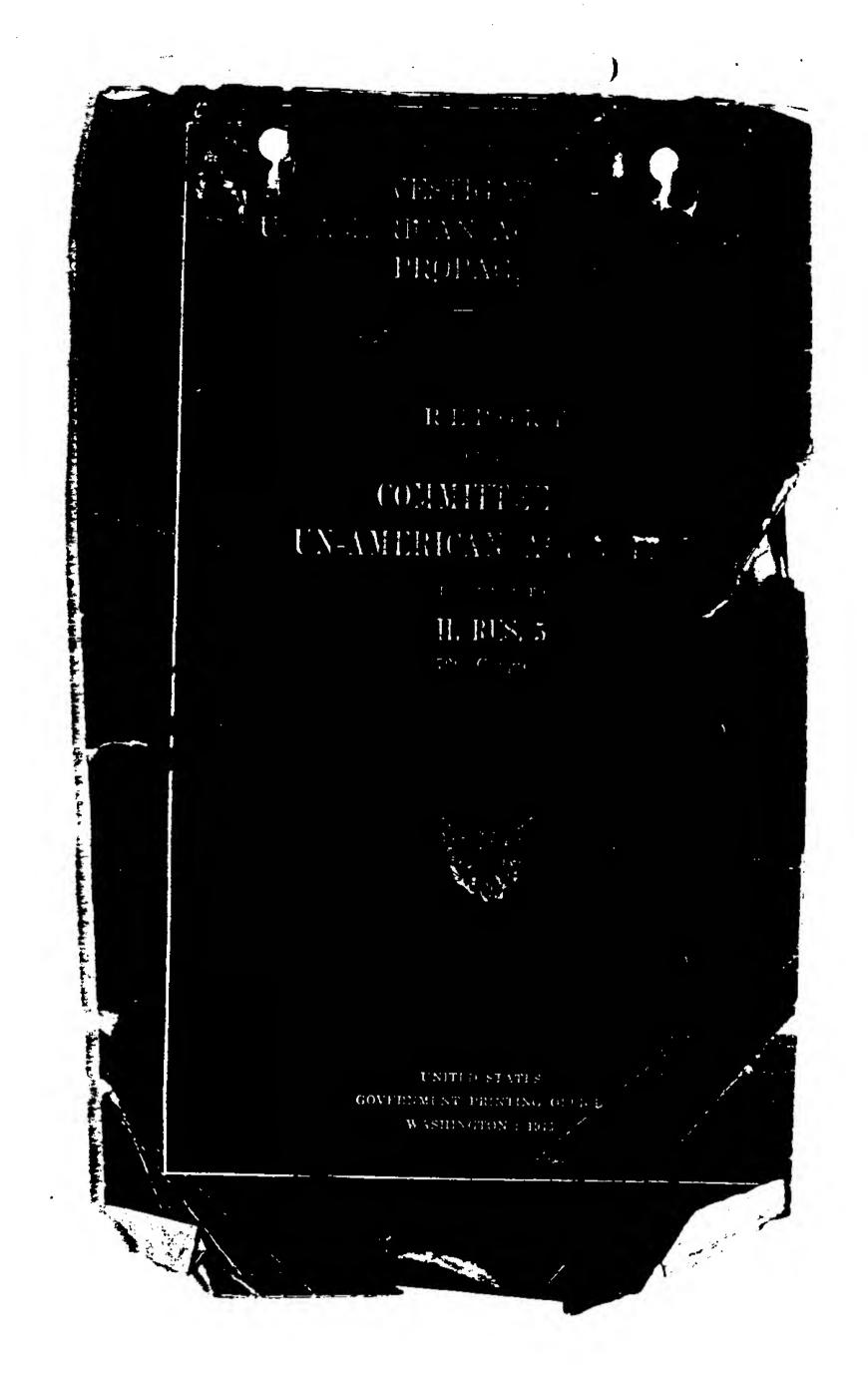
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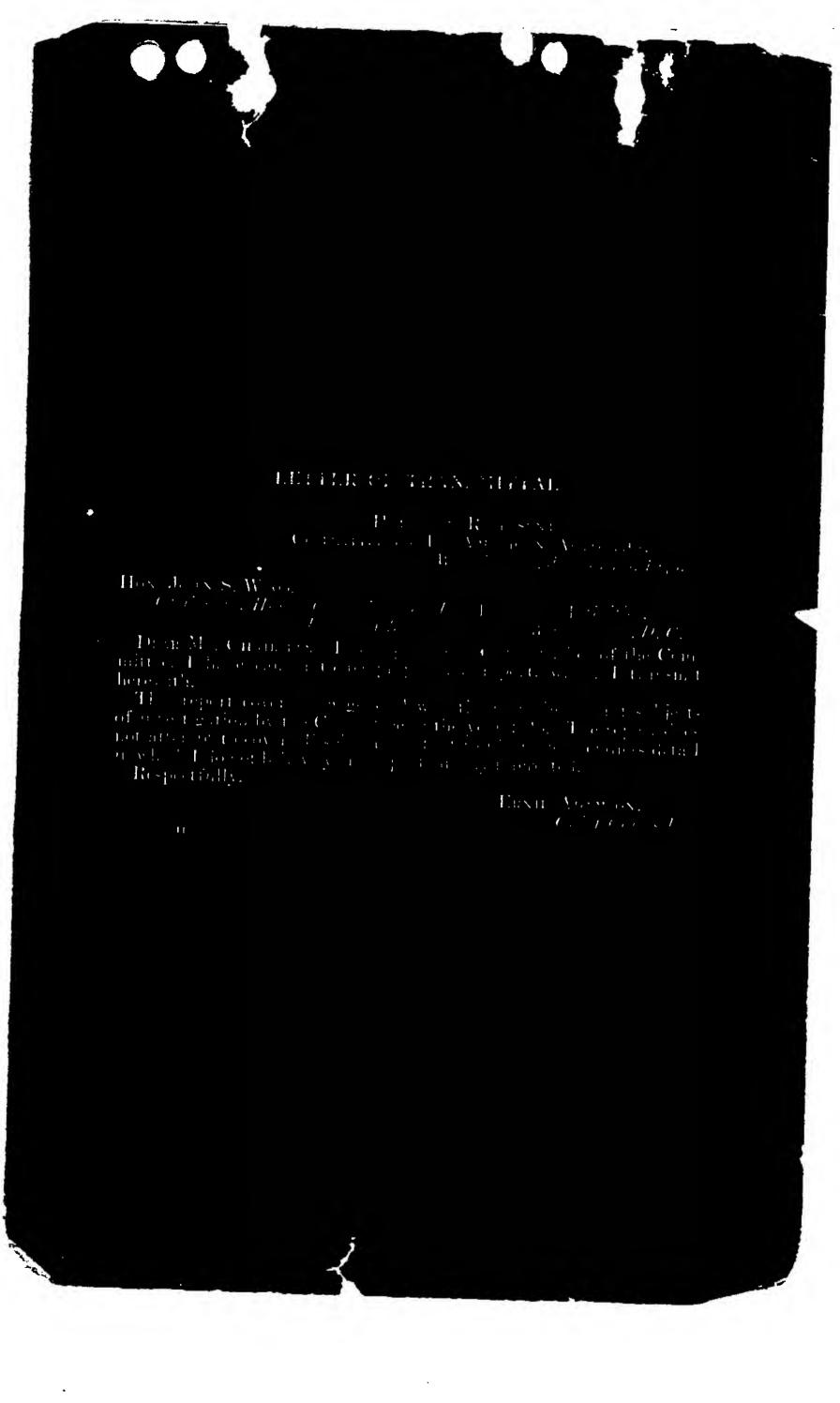
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REPORT

(P. 10 P. 11 R. 15 T. Co. 1)

1. INTRODUCTION

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The resolution on the Basson catter is as follows:

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That the X of the Rules of the House of Representatives is at sended by adding after charse 30a of the first paratrup barbons and as follows:

Table XI of the Rules of the Heave of Representatives is amended by adding after all use market provide uses to read as to lower.

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So the relief to Copy where Us Asset in Activities, maddle the tent of the 2 and the copy of Well's War. I as I H, has tent and over 8,000 in the arm of phases of Well's War. I as I H, has tent and over 8,000 in the arm of phases which have some from people of all strains of a copy of a phase of a copy of a copy of these three protests, it follows the early for the Copy after to a trip bloodstrain so the Space SR to goe As real of the John Arm Face to R togo Copy of the Space SR togo and of the John Arm Face to R togo Copy of the law as broaded Space and of the best receives who proved the coff the law as broaded detrangent of the best receives of the Linded States and I seed 2018.

Ple HSIS CONTINUE

In additing the theorems of all Pouls, Physical Holland William B. Borry, M. Challenged in a letter to Provider t Transaction Lander, who possesses Marketers of Announcement and explicit decommendates smear attack of the Carleda Churchent the Maleson Square Garden meeting sports and by the Jorry April Fact at Refugee Consulting. Mr. Borry contributed that Lysk, called to:

restoration of the second disconnection of Ref. for whether sested of only of about lasts. Common lasts type of second Societies.

Congressions Brery was further quoted as saying:

We have an out of Proposition to we for a north vigroup of asserted to deals. It I should be for the majority of there are a power in British. I have a propositive to North as we all options are further learned to Deals in the state of the model to the state of the North and the Proposition to Deals and Galed model to republish or codorse Lask's position.

Robor Vincert and Harry Cockwell of the show "Marinka" both denied that Lab. Mal on score for the outire east when the reusical consely star appeared at the leftist rally and applauded efforts to aid Som ish communists.

Main Prings a non-her of the east of "Bloomer Girl" also protested the stice h of D vid droods of the same show, who fikewise spoke to the 17,000 cheer rg pro Lovalists anglegathe support of R ds in Spain. On the same day, Theodore M Docald, President of the Catholic

Coper Art Ales G. Hd. speak of for 20 and demembers, said;

We Complete and all for rabeled Vocal are resent the intrusion and one of a she seek agents of the letter which as Lash. We resent his gratuitons limits against the Valorae which is part of Communical ideology.

On Describing a 1964 and All Problems In former Ambers when to the Ambers when the Green Ambers when the Market J. L. S. L. S.

On the property of the second of the second

E glo from it conditions of of protest was reserved from the America Chair of H berrares of America, was vetering organizations, et als.

Alta Sand' de compagner. New London, de September 22, 1944, regulared in protect (200 stata Jacof Act. Fascest Refugee Committee).

The dATRO and its well adverted as a Congruptor, has formed a new specific and the Sami R form Appears we as socking to this Spaceof for the former was socking to this Spaceof form to the former and the Sami R former when the specific section hotely accurate forms. He are the accurate assume a section of the latter organization and side mean each at the good and American Larges for Percental Demograph. Insert the specific section of the constitution of the last the section of the space of the first consultant. Residentially and a property point of the consultant Residence of the Constitution of the Makening of the Constitution of the American Residence of the constitution of the Association as a content of the American Communications Association. Residence of the American Communications Association.

Of Clarker ab, 1945, the tablet "Carlache Weekly." published in Brooklyn, N. Y., protested against the demonstration held on September at he Madson Space Carden, and rook the State Department to task for a letter which had been directed to Bishop Lewis O. Harrings of Boston, electrican of the American Committee for Spanish Freedom. This corresponder a bad been sent from the State Department of Fig. 11 Passell, Chief of the Decision of Public Larson, with 2 to the Secretary of State. The portion of the latter referred to as as follows:

The Deportment is explices and shares fight the feeding of the American proposition have shared be established in Space torms of zovernment which would zero to the Spaces being the opportunity to achieve their proceeding inspire as The question of new to use our affinees in the best and most effect to matter and use if it the achievement of these objectives in an orderly mades of a way a process as a substitute of the Department.

The editor of the rablet requested to know how the Department arrived at the conclusion that the majority of the American people desired a charge in Spain. At a later date the Department stated that they had been guided by a Gallup Poll.

On the same date that the later here is described was sent to Bishop Hore and later was affected to a central European group setting forth that mashined as the United States was at peace with the central European power at question, it was not our privilege to interfere in the internal affairs of that European nation.



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